





## News Analysis

# Keeping Grip on Unions Led to Callaghan Move

By R.W. Apple

LONDON, Sept. 8 (NYT) — In politics, nothing makes the blood race like the unexpected. So today was a special day in London, with Prime Minister James Callaghan and his colleagues reveling in the astonishment caused by his decision to postpone a general election, with the pundits surviving desperately to explain away their inaccurate forecasts, and with the parliamentary back-benchers uncertainly awaiting a winter of high-stakes political poker.

Mrs. Margaret Thatcher, the leader of the Conservative opposition, appeared on television to denounce what she called Britain's "broke-backed government." Mr. Callaghan could survive, she suggested, "only by doing deals from day to day with parties whose principles are wholly different" from those of Labor.

And that, in fact, appeared to be precisely what the prime minister had in mind. Members of his Cabinet said that he had concluded that he could cling to office, despite the end of the pact with the Liberal Party, by assembling a series of shifting coalitions with the Scottish nationalists, who have 11 members of Parliament, the Welsh nationalists, who have 3, or the Ulster Unionists, who have 7. Some of Mr. Callaghan's intimates even suggested that he was counting on the vote of Jeremy Thorpe, the former Liberal Party leader, who presumably would like to avoid an election until after his trial on charges of conspiring to murder.

### Foot's Prognosis

The crucial element in Mr. Callaghan's decision not to go to the country on Sept. 28 or Oct. 5 — the dates predicted by all of the most respected British political commentators — was a revised estimate of the parliamentary prognosis from Michael Foot.

Mr. Foot, a noted left-winger who, as leader of the House of Commons, has become the prime minister's ambassador to the radicals in his own party, told Mr. Callaghan early this summer that without the support of the Liberals the government could not continue. The risk of a defeat on a vote of confidence, he said, would be too grave. The government could be plunged into a general election against its will at any moment.

But recently Mr. Foot changed his mind. As long as the present government offered the best chance of securing limited home rule for Scotland and Wales, he told the prime minister after detailed conversations with colleagues in the House of Commons, Scottish and Welsh nationalists would not vote to bring the government down.

Mr. Foot's assessment led him to join other senior members of the Cabinet — including Denis Healey, the chancellor of the exchequer; David Owen, the foreign secretary; and Mervyn Rees, the home secretary — in opposing an election this fall. All four argued that Mr. Cal-

laghan should soldier on unless he was either sure of victory now or sure that his chances would deteriorate over the year remaining until he is obliged by law to call an election.

To reinforce their point, the four reminded the prime minister and his advisers of the defeats of Clement Attlee in 1951 and Harold Wilson in 1970, when those two Labor prime ministers opted for elections "before their constitutional terms had expired."

Mr. Callaghan also was influenced, according to those privy to his thinking, by the soundings of his private pollster, Robert Worcester, a U.S. citizen who operates a firm called Market and Opinion Research International. Mr. Worcester's most recent poll showed Labor trailing nationally by 2 percentage points.

The problem for Mr. Callaghan was that the detailed figures, which were not made public, showed Labor four points behind in England and substantially ahead in Scotland and Wales. Most of the marginal seats are in England, and even the prime minister enjoys over Mrs. Thatcher might not have been enough to keep them from falling to the Tories.

Quite apart from such considerations, Mr. Callaghan had other reasons for holding off. He did not spell them out to the Cabinet yesterday or to the nation on television last night. But senior Labor politicians who have known him intimately for years think they understand what was going through the prime minister's mind this week as he made perhaps the most momentous decision of his 25-year career in parliamentary politics.

Essentially, the politicians said, Mr. Callaghan felt that by calling an election now he would lose his grip on rebellious elements in the Labor coalition. If the trade-union movement helped him win an October election, for example, it would feel free to demand large pay increases this winter. By postponing the voting, the prime minister (so the argument goes) will be able to restrain the unions by warning that an election lies ahead.

Similarly, Mr. Callaghan is said to believe that the prospect of an election is the best weapon available to him to rally his party behind the European currency reforms that are expected to emerge from conferences this winter.

The new political timetable is complex. Mr. Foot (and presumably Mr. Callaghan) would like to defer the election until the issuance of a new electoral roll in March, because a new roll always helps Labor. But their hand may be forced by a defeat on a vote of confidence, which Mrs. Thatcher has promised to seek in November, or by a sudden deterioration in the economic picture.

Labor strategists must decide, furthermore, on a schedule that takes account of the election as well as the referendum on self-government. One suggestion tonight was that the election would come in January or February.

Once again, Mr. Callaghan has defied prognostications. But once again, by doing so, he has set himself a task formidable even for a man of his extraordinary political and parliamentary talents.

## Crawford Goes Home

(Continued from Page 1)

Harvester, and Peter Maggs of the University of Illinois, Crawford's legal adviser.

Informed sources close to the case indicated that Crawford's light sentence — he faced a maximum of eight years in prison and five years of Siberian exile — may be the prelude to a Soviet-U.S. prisoner exchange.

The sources said that the Soviet Union let Crawford go in preparation for trading convicted dissident Anatoli Shcherbansky and condemned Soviet CIA agent Anatoli Filatov for two Russians employed by the United Nations who face trial on espionage charges Sept. 27 in a New Jersey court.

In the court case against Crawford, the Soviet prosecutor charged he had traded \$8,500 for 20,000 rubles on the Moscow black market. The official State Bank would have exchanged only 5,703 rubles for the sum.

Three Soviet co-defendants admitted currency manipulations and testified against Crawford. One defendant was sentenced to five years in a labor camp; a second, to four years. The property of both is to be confiscated. The third defendant received a suspended five-year sentence and three years probation.

### Saudi Limit Investment

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (Reuters) — Deputy Assistant Treasury Secretary Lisle Widman, in testimony before a House subcommittee on science and technology, said Saudi officials have told their U.S. investment managers that at no time may Saudi investments reach five percent of the voting stock of any company.

### Turk Tribe Sought After 20 Die in Fight

VAN, Turkey, Sept. 8 (AP) — Infantrymen and helicopters are searching eastern Turkey for a nomadic tribe involved in a blood feud that led to a battle in which at least 20 persons were killed, local officials said.

Officials in this village near the Iranian border said that about a dozen villagers were wounded yesterday in the battle between rival families.

### DIVORCE

IN 24 HOURS  
Manual court or contested actions. Low cost, quick trial right to trial or summary judgment. 1st-class hotel. All ground transportation free. For information send \$2.75 for 24-hour booklet to Dr. R. H. Stanley, CMA, 1235 E. Street, N.W., Ste. 600, Washington, D.C. 20004, U.S.A. Tel: 202-462-6531. Worldwide service.



Rhodesian Prime Minister Ian Smith, grim-faced, joins mourners at a Salisbury memorial service.

## 2,000 Pack Rhodesia Memorial Service

SALISBURY, Rhodesia, Sept. 8 (AP) — In a mood of sorrow and anger, more than 2,000 persons packed the Anglican cathedral here today for a memorial service for the 38 persons killed in a Rhodesian airliner shot down by a guerrilla-launched missile Sunday and the ten of 18 survivors subsequently slain.

As Prime Minister Ian Smith emerged from the half-hour service, a demonstrator confronted him on the cathedral steps with a placard declaring: "Give

Nkomo a message from us when next you meet him secretly — 'Go to hell you murdering bastard'."

The demonstrator, cheered on by a crowd of about 500 in the street, was referring to a clandestine meeting last month between Mr. Smith and Zambian-based guerrilla leader Joshua Nkomo in a bid to find a new settlement to end the six-year war.

Mr. Nkomo has acknowledged that his guerrillas were responsible for shooting down the plane, but he denied that they had anything to do with the slaying of the ten survivors.

## Japan Airman Buzzes Tokyo For Good View

TOKYO, Sept. 8 (UPI) — A Japanese airman has admitted that he swept low over Tokyo without lights, buzzing the residence of Crown Prince Akihito and frightening thousands of baseball fans because he wanted a good night view of the city.

The plane swept over Prince Akihito's home in the Akasaka night club district at 1,500 feet — 500 feet lower than the minimum allowed by law — and then over Jingu stadium, starting thousands of baseball fans waiting a crucial professional game between the Yakult Swallows and Yokohama Whales.

Shin Kanemaru, director-general of the defense agency, said that the pilot, identified as Lt. Eiichi Takiguchi, 27, told military authorities that he took his plane, with its four-man crew, low across the capital because he wanted to have a "good night view" of Tokyo.

## Syrians Pound Christians In Heavy Beirut Fighting

BEIRUT, Sept. 8 (AP) — Syrian forces pounded rightist Christian militias in Beirut with heavy artillery, rockets and tank fire today in the heaviest fighting in the capital in a month.

Police reported three persons killed and eight wounded in the midnight-to-dawn battles in three Christian neighborhoods on the southeastern side of Beirut. At least six buildings were set afire by the bombardment, police said.

A spokesman for the Syrians, who are in Lebanon to police the 23-month-old civil-war armistice, accused Christian militias of provoking the outbreak by digging new trenches and erecting sandbag positions opposite Syrian emplacements in the three Christian areas.

The Christians' Voice of Lebanon Radio charged the Syrians with deliberately intensifying the hostilities in an attempt to distract attention from the Egyptian-Israeli peace negotiations at Camp David. The broadcast said the United States was exerting pressure on all

## Syrians Pound Christians In Heavy Beirut Fighting

parties involved to avoid a "new explosion in Lebanon that might sabotage the Camp David talks."

The station, which speaks for the rightist Phalange Party, said the U.S. pressure centered mainly on Syria and Israel. But it did not say how the pressure was being exerted. Israel has warned Syria to leave the Lebanese Christians alone, and some fear that a Syrian-Israeli confrontation here would undermine an overall Mideast peace settlement.

## 4 Time Bombs Set Off in Italy Terror Attacks

ROME, Sept. 8 (UPI) — Four bombs exploded in two Italian cities today in the fifth series of terrorist bomb attacks since the end of the August holiday period.

Three time bombs were set off in Rome outside three widely separated real estate offices in what police believe were coordinated attacks. The bombs exploded within a 15-minute period, causing slight damage.

In Turin, a bomb was set off against the wall of a ball-point pen factory and a calling saying that he was a member of the Armed Proletarian Cells claimed responsibility for the blast.

The organization has been one of the more active terrorist groups in Italy, along with the Red Brigades which kidnapped and murdered former Premier Aldo Moro earlier this year.

The examining magistrate investigating the murder of Mr. Moro today ordered two witnesses arrested withholding evidence. The magistrate refused to identify the persons involved, but said that they had given contradictory versions of "an interesting aspect of the case."

## U.S. Asserts It Welcomes Nicaragua Mediation Call

(Continued from Page 1)

leader said National Guard members raided a church there. In Esteli, 80 miles north of Managua, guardsmen reportedly arrested opposition leaders and businessmen who were leading the general strike aimed at forcing Mr. Somoza to resign.

Officials of the National Guard, a 7,500-member force that serves as army and police, could not be reached for comment on any of the reports.

The reported raid on the school, 30 miles south of Managua, occurred Wednesday. A priest said the guardsmen believed the school was a hideout for anti-government rebels, but he said it was not.

A spokesman for the Nicaraguan Chamber of Commerce, which supports the general strike, said 74 percent of the businesses surveyed in Managua were closed yesterday.

Earlier this week the State Department spokesman sharply criticized the Somoza government for "repressive measures" against political opponents, including the arrest of some opposition leaders. At that time he also rejected as "totally unfounded" allegations by Somoza aides that U.S. policy toward Nicaragua was being guided in part by Marxists in the Carter Administration.

### Troops Raid School

MASAYA, Nicaragua (AP) — National Guard troops shot their way into a Roman Catholic school, sprayed gunfire around the interior, searched four priests and took two students away as prisoners, school officials said yesterday.

In Managua, a human-rights

## Following Bonn Pledge

# Anti-Hijacking Talks Hit Snags

LONDON, Sept. 8 (AP) — The seven major non-Communist industrial nations that promised two months ago to seek world support for an international anti-hijacking treaty have run into some legal and political snags.

Senior diplomats of several of the seven governments report that although some countries, such as Austria, Denmark and Czechoslovakia support the idea in principle others, including India, Algeria, Libya have been cool about it.

India has said that the project should be discussed within the context of the United Nations. Algerian leaders, who once were political fugitives, do not like the idea of denying sanctuary to any political activists, especially Arabs. The Libyans appear plainly uncooperative.

### Arab Air Barrier

British and French authorities have warned that Arab states would be able to erect an air barrier between Europe and Africa or the Middle East in retaliation for any sanctions imposed on countries that provide a haven for hijackers.

The London-Paris view is that this could do more harm than good to the whole enterprise.

Nevertheless, Britain, France, the United States, West Germany, Italy, Canada and Japan remain resolved to abide by the political commitment which they assumed at the mid-July economic summit conference in Bonn. That was where the concept of the anti-hijacking pact was launched on the initiative of Japanese Premier Takeo Fukuda.

Mr. Fukuda's proposal, supported by Canada's Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Trudeau and West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt, was transformed into a seven-nation declaration. Its central aim was to deny aircraft hijackers a refuge anywhere.

### Cut All Services

The seven leaders agreed to cut off all airline services to and from any nation that harbors hijackers. "In cases in which a country refuses to extradite, or legally prosecute airplane hijackers, or to give back such airplanes, the heads of state and government unanimously agree to see to it immediately that all flights from their countries will be terminated to that country," the declaration said.

British and West German diplomats have disclosed privately that

Mr. Fukuda introduced his plan without even consulting his own government. Experts accompanying each government chief were said to have been startled by the initiative and its implications.

"If diplomats of the seven countries concerned had been ordered in advance to draft such a declaration, they would never have agreed," a British informant acknowledged.

"But now, of course, they have to proceed to fulfill the commitment their leaders have assumed."

## Tito Chides Soviet Union For Criticizing Hua Visit

BELGRADE, Sept. 8 (AP) — President Tito has deplored what he calls fabrications in the Soviet press on the recent visit here of Hua Kuo-feng, the Chinese party chairman and premier.

Recalling that Yugoslavia does not want "to depend on one side only," Marshal Tito expressed surprise at Soviet criticism, in a speech to a delegation of Slovenian Communists at his mountain retreat yesterday, 10 days after seeing Mr. Hua off. The news agency Tanjug carried his remarks today.

The Chinese leader's visit drew fire from Moscow, aimed in part at Yugoslavia for failing to dissociate itself publicly from Chinese attacks on "hegemony."

Mr. Hua, in his toasts, never named a country when using the word "hegemony" — Chinese jargon for big-power influence. Hegemony could be found in many corners of the world, Marshal Tito added.

He expressed surprise that Soviet mass media took up speculation published in some Western countries that was "calculated to incite a quarrel between us and the Soviet Union."

### Various Fabrications

"They are now quoting various fabrications, even though they well know that we did nothing that would be directed against the Soviet Union or other countries," Marshal Tito said.

Reminding Soviet leaders that

## Waitress Has Good Time at Fraser's Party

DARWIN, Australia, Sept. 8 (AP) — A waitress drank from glasses of wine served at a dinner for Prime Minister Malcolm Fraser, then reached over Mr. Fraser's shoulder, picked up a slice of tomato from his plate and ate it.

And when a government official asked her to leave the room, she threw a glass of wine in his face.

Officials said that it all happened yesterday in a private dining room at the Don Hotel, where Mr. Fraser was celebrating the official opening of the Northern Territory legislative assembly.

The waitress was escorted from the hotel, but no charges were brought against her. Police said that she was drunk or high on drugs.

## Danish Coalition Splits Socialists

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 8 (UPI) — A splinter group broke away today from the Social Democrats of Premier Anker Jorgensen, who formed a government coalition with the Liberals nine days ago after half a century of hostility between the two parties.

The breakaway group, angered by the coalition, announced the formation of a "Reform Party." It will be "a workers' party," said spokesman Mogens Olsson. "We will try to explain to the trade unions that we found ourselves pushed into starting the new party."

Collection of the 18,000 signatures needed to enter the next general election will start on Monday, he said. The present Parliament, the result of a general election in February, 1977, already contains representatives of 11 parties.

## Lebanese Arrested In Athens Bombing

ATHENS, Sept. 8 (AP) — A young Lebanese was arrested yesterday after he threw a firebomb at the French consulate here, the police announced.

Only light damage was caused, and the man, identified as Asim Hassan Masri, 27, of Beirut, was seized by consulate employees before he managed to throw another such bomb as he fled.

## Barriers Shattered

TEL AVIV, Sept. 8 (UPI) — Prime Minister Begin's media adviser said today that the summit has shattered the psychological barriers between the Israeli leader and Mr. Sadat. Dan Patair said that Mr. Begin and Mr. Sadat are conducting lengthy dialogues during their joint meetings with President Carter and holding shorter exchanges when they meet each other in the compound.

## Summit Gets Down to Serious Business, U.S. Says

(Continued from Page 1)

as the Sinai. However, Mr. Begin reportedly is standing firm in his insistence that Jews be guaranteed the right to purchase land in these areas after they have been turned over to Arab rulers.

Mr. Carter "has certainly been participating actively in the discussions," press secretary Jody Powell said today. "I'm sure he has had some thoughts to convey."

He described the talks as constructive, helpful and serious.

Mr. Carter planned separate talks later in the day with Mr. Begin and Mr. Sadat.

U.S. officials said that it appears that the summit will end either Tuesday or Wednesday, and that the three leaders may take a day off Sunday, perhaps to tour the Getty-

burg, Pa., Civil War battlefield, 20 miles north of the summit site.

A White House spokesman said that Mr. Carter met Secretary of State Cyrus Vance and Defense Secretary Harold Brown at breakfast today, and that Mr. Vance and Mr. Brown then met with an Israeli delegation headed by Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan.

Last night, Mr. Carter and leading aides, including Mr. Vance, national security adviser, Zbigniew Brzezinski, and Vice President Mondale, met Mr. Sadat and his leading advisers.

Egyptian and Israeli officials hinted that the core issues separating Mr. Begin and Mr. Sadat were being discussed.

An Israeli official, however, cautioned that the favorable atmosphere "says nothing about what the

eventual outcome of the summit will be."

White House officials said the summit negotiations will continue through the weekend, despite the Muslim, Jewish and Christian religious holidays to be celebrated on successive days within Camp David.

Egyptians said that Mr. Sadat will lead religious observances today, but will be free to negotiate. Israeli officials said that Mr. Begin's religious convictions will preclude formal talks on the Jewish Sabbath — from Friday sundown to Saturday sundown — but he will be free for informal contacts.

The core issues to be resolved involve the timing and extent of Israeli withdrawals from the occupied Arab territories and the kind of control the Palestinians will have over their future in their homeland.

Attention Doctors (MD'S) Undergraduate Students Prepare for VQE • ECFMG FLEX • MCAT GMAT • GRE U.S. Nat'l Med. & Dent. Boards U.S. National Nursing Boards

Stanley H. Kaplan Educational Services Ltd.

Located in Lugano, Switzerland. Address: Via del Tiglio 14, 6900 Lugano, Switzerland. Phone: 091-51-2721.

Voluntarily basic Sciences home study notes for all areas covered on the examinations for the M.B. Port. Sample questions accompanied by Comprehensive Teaching Tapes to be used by any of our Top Courses. Materials conveniently updated.

Our broad range of programs, coupled with over 40 years of experience and success provides an unrivaled opportunity for students to offer the best preparation available.

Stanley H. Kaplan Educational Center, Ltd. 535 Madison Ave., N.Y., N.Y. 10022. 212-632-1400.

جوليا في 15/9



## At House's Kennedy Hearing

## Medical Experts Support The Single-Bullet Theory

By George Lardner Jr.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (WP) — Displaying President John F. Kennedy's bullet-riddled clothing to help make their point, medical experts testified yesterday that the Warren Commission's finding that a single bullet wounded both Mr. Kennedy and former Texas Gov. John Connally moments before the president was killed 15 years ago.

The spokesman for the panel of medical experts, Michael Baden, told the House Assassinations Committee that the fatal shot that then tore through the president's head clearly came from behind.

Dismissing the notion that another assassin might have fired the fatal shot from another direction, Mr. Baden said that the nine pathologists on the panel found "no evidence to support any but a single gunshot wound of entrance in the back of the president's head."

## Dissenting Coroner

The only dissenting note came from coroner Cyril Wecht of Allegheny County, Pa., who disputed the conclusion of his colleagues that the single-bullet theory was correct.

Even Mr. Wecht agreed, however, that all the shots that struck the two men in the presidential limousine came from behind, in the direction of the Texas School Book Depository where Lee Harvey Oswald had gotten a job a few weeks earlier.

The single-bullet theory is crucial to the Warren Commission's findings because no one gunman could have wounded both Mr. Kennedy and Mr. Connally with separate shots in the chaotic, split-second interval when they were hit.

The findings have always been clouded, however, by the hurry-up nature of autopsy performed on the president and the near-pristine nature of the bullet that is supposed to have wounded the two men. It was found on Mr. Connally's stretcher at Parkland Hospital in Dallas after the shootings.

In understated tones, Mr. Baden reported that the panel of forensic pathologists, who have collectively conducted more than 100,000 autopsies, had found a number of deficiencies in the manner in which the autopsy was done at Bethesda Naval Hospital the night of Nov. 22, 1963.

## Hurried Removal

The experts, the committee was told, took exception to the hurried removal of Mr. Kennedy's body from Dallas, which had a qualified medical examiner; the inexperience of the military physicians who performed the autopsy; the lack of communication between them and physicians in Dallas who initially treated the president; and the fact that the autopsy physicians never looked at the clothing Mr. Kennedy had been wearing.

Echoing his own chagrin at the pressures that he felt in conducting the autopsy, his first ever, retired Navy Capt. James Humes told the committee yesterday afternoon that he did not see the autopsy photographs or X-rays taken that night until nearly two years later.

Mr. Baden said that the autopsy report that Capt. Humes wrote on Nov. 23-24, 1963, had the fatal shot, entering Mr. Kennedy's head near the hairline, four inches below the actual point of entrance.

Plainly ill at ease, Mr. Humes testified later in the day that he thought the discrepancy was being exaggerated.

Mr. Humes said that he had never precisely stated in the autopsy report where the fatal entrance wound was beyond stating that it was "above the bony occipital protuberance" in the back of the head.

The important point, he declared, was that "there was one — and only one — wound of entrance" in the president's skull.

The Warren Commission concluded that Oswald, acting alone, fired three shots at the presidential limousine in Dallas, one missing completely, another hitting both Mr. Kennedy and Mr. Connally



Coroner Cyril Wecht disputes single-bullet theory at House Assassinations Committee hearing.

## Supports Warren Conclusions

Mr. Baden said that careful examination of all the autopsy photographs, X-rays and other available evidence backed up the conclusions about how the two men were shot. A clothes-dummy wearing Mr. Kennedy's torn, bloodstained suit jacket, shirt and tie, and another containing Mr. Connally's garb, were brought out as supporting exhibits.

Mr. Baden said Mr. Kennedy's jacket and shirt showed a perforation corresponding directly with an entrance wound in the president's back, this one "a bit lower, perhaps two inches lower" than where the autopsy doctors had depicted it.

This shot, the committee was told, came out through the president's neck where the pathologist found clear signs of an "exit perforation" at the bottom of a surgical incision that the Parkland Hospital doctors had made in the hopes of reviving the president.

From there, Mr. Baden said, the bullet tore into Mr. Connally's chest, broke a rib, came out his chest, hit his wrist and lodged in his thigh, almost completely spent. The

## Pathologists found no significant

metallic fragments in Mr. Connally's thigh bone.

Critics, including Mr. Wecht, have argued that the bullet recovered from Mr. Connally's stretcher was too intact to have done all the damage, but the other pathologists on the panel disagreed.

Taking issue with those who like to describe the bullet as "nearly pristine," Mr. Baden said it was a copper-jacketed model that could be expected to stay largely intact except when hitting hard bone, such as a man's skull.

"Pristine," he scoffed at one point. "It's a media term — like being a little bit pregnant. It [the bullet] is significantly flattened. It'd be hard to take a hammer and flatten it as much as it's been flattened."

## Missing Pieces

Testifying later in the day, Mr. Wecht challenged the committee to try to duplicate the body wounds that Mr. Kennedy and Mr. Connally had suffered by ordering marksmanship tests on cadavers or goat skins. He maintained that any such bullet would show far more wear and tear than the one found at Parkland Hospital.

Mr. Wecht said that he was also

"extremely unhappy" that the committee had not made a greater effort to find missing pieces of medical evidence, most notably Mr. Kennedy's brain. The committee's chief counsel, Robert Blakey, said that a Kennedy family spokesman indicated that the brain had been destroyed, in line with the late Robert Kennedy's apprehensions that it might otherwise wind up on public display someday.

Sandwiched in between all this testimony was that of Mr. Humes who emphasized his difficulties in conducting the autopsy in a room crisscrossed with FBI agents, Secret Service agents and military brass, all pressing for a quick report.

Mr. Humes said that he began writing it up the next night after little sleep, only to find that the notes he had taken were stained with Mr. Kennedy's blood.

He said he felt it "inappropriate to turn [them] in," so he copied out the notes word for word on fresh paper and destroyed the original. He said that he only wished that he had had the time and expert assistance the House committee's experts had enjoyed.

"Had we had those opportunities," Mr. Humes said wistfully, "some of the difficulties [over the autopsy] might not have arisen."

## To Help Get 'Bigger Fish' Carter Aide Pursues GSA Probe

By Ronald Kessler

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (WP) — President Carter has asked attorney Charles Kirbo, his close friend and unofficial advisor, to monitor the investigations of the General Services Administration, the Washington Post has learned.

The president has asked Mr. Kirbo to help monitor and observe the GSA investigations. Rex Gramum, deputy White House press secretary, said, "He will be advising the president on it, indicating the importance the president places on the matter."

Mr. Kirbo "will be talking to Justice people as warranted," Mr. Gramum said, "and presumably will be receiving information from Justice on the investigations."

Mr. Kirbo said that he has already talked with Attorney General Griffin Bell and other Justice Department officials about the several ongoing federal investigations of GSA corruption. He also said he has conferred with GSA Administrator Jay Solomon.

"When there's something that's important to [President] Carter, and he has a lot of other things to do, I just take a look at things and advise him," said Mr. Kirbo, a lawyer in private practice in Atlanta.

Sources said yesterday that federal prosecutors in Washington and Baltimore, who are directing the two major grand jury investigations of GSA, have not been informed of Mr. Kirbo's role.

Justice Department officials, according to the sources, questioned the propriety of a private citizen monitoring federal investigations in this way. One official noted that federal law prohibits divulgence of grand jury testimony to anyone not involved in prosecuting the cases under investigation.

## Jackson Issues

## Subpoena for

## Oil-Firm Papers

By Ward Sinclair

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (WP) — Sen. Henry Jackson, D-Wash., chairman of a Senate investigating subcommittee, has subpoenaed a quantity of documents from Dresser Industries of Dallas related to its oil-drill deal with the Soviet Union.

Sen. Jackson's action came to light yesterday, a day after President Carter informed him that he intended to allow Dresser to proceed with the \$145 million transaction.

Sen. Jackson, among other critics, had urged the administration to cancel Dresser's export licenses as a response to the Soviet Union's trials of political dissidents.

Sen. Jackson had announced earlier that his Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations would conduct an inquiry into the review procedures being used by the administration for issuing export licenses. The subpoena to Dresser, a Jackson aide said, is part of that process.

## Yugoslavs Visit China

TOKYO, Sept. 8 (AP) — A high-level Yugoslav Army delegation arrived in Peking today at the invitation of the Ministry of National Defense, the Chinese news agency reported.

## In Continental Rise Ocean Study Sees Chance Of Oil Fields off Morocco

By Richard D. Lyons

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (NYT) — Scientists who have been studying the largely unexplored portion of the ocean floor that is called the continental rise say that the huge area may contain hitherto unknown petroleum resources.

They reported yesterday that geochemical studies on samples of organic matter from two drilling sites in the Moroccan Basin off northwest Africa have provided the best-documented evidence so far that petroleum can form in continental-rise environments.

The rise is the area where the

continental slope meets the ocean basin. A transition zone between the slope and the basin, it is formed of sediment eroded from the continents.

The total area of the continental rise is huge, about 7 million square miles, or twice the land area of the United States. Viewed another way, the continental rise has about half of all the sediment in the oceans.

Drilling was conducted from the ship Glomar Challenger two years ago, but laboratory analyses have only just been completed and reported to the National Science Foundation here, which pays for the operations of the 400-foot oceanographic research vessel.

The drill samples were recovered from strata 5,000 feet thick that lie under 12,000 feet of water.

Keith Kvenvolden of the U.S. Geological Survey Office in Menlo Park, Calif., and Edward Winterer of the Scripps Institution of Oceanography, in La Jolla, Calif., reported the findings.

A major conclusion is that while much of the organic matter at the drill site is tenuous in origin and is immature, that is, has not developed into oil — the organic matter shows an increase in maturity with depth. And near the bottom of the section sampled, the organic matter is on the threshold of being mature — that is, about to enter the phase of oil generation.

The results thus suggest that the continental rise may have substantial accumulations of petroleum.

The continental rise is the world's biggest accumulation of the thick sediment in which oil fields are usually found. "While the amount of organic matter that has been found is small," Mr. Winterer said, "the studies indicate that the environment in the continental rise is one where petroleum could form."

He added, "We do not have any evidence of large accumulations of petroleum at this time." Even if large reserves of oil and gas were proven in the continental rise areas, he said, it would be many years before they could be exploited economically.

## Malaysia Refugee Visit

KUALA LUMPUR, Sept. 8 (AP) — The United Nations high commissioner for refugees, Paul Haring, is planning to visit camps for Indo-Chinese refugees in Malaysia, a Malay official said today. Hassan Abdullah told reporters that Mr. Haring will proceed to Laos and Vietnam before coming to Malaysia and Singapore.

## Equal Protection of Foreigners

## House Votes Wiretap Bill, Restores a Key Provision

By Charles R. Babcock

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (WP) — The House, by a 246-to-128 vote, last night passed a bill to require court orders for most national-security wiretaps.

The measure is similar to a bill that passed the Senate in April. It is the product of several years of debate, and of a unique coalition joining the administration and its intelligence agencies with civil-liberties groups.

The bill would require government agencies to obtain warrants before bugging or wiretapping persons suspected of collecting intelligence in the United States for foreign powers. The only exception from the across-the-board warrant requirement is for communications exclusively between foreign powers, such as from an embassy to its home country.

The push for the bill grew out of reports in recent years of abuses against U.S. citizens by intelligence agencies. The Federal Bureau of Investigation and the intelligence agencies themselves also supported the bill because they felt that a new law would protect their agents from possible civil suits.

## Bugs on Foreigners

Before the final vote yesterday, the House reversed itself on an amendment it had narrowly passed the night before. Rep. Robert McCloy, R-Ill., the chief spokesman for the bill, had won a 178-to-176 victory to make the warrant requirement apply only to surveillance of U.S. citizens, not foreigners.

The House reconsidered that amendment yesterday and defeated it 200 to 176. The members also rejected Rep. McCloy's motion to recommit the bill to committee, 207 to 164. Earlier in the day Rep. McCloy's substitute bill — which would have gutted the measure — was defeated, 240 to 128.

Supporters of the bill praised yesterday the lobbying efforts of the administration and the House leadership. Jerry Berman of the American Civil Liberties Union said that he was "gratified" that the House had reversed itself on the McCloy amendment "because it

would have seriously jeopardized this bill from the civil liberties point of view. Now we can go to conference and work on the best of both bills."

The Senate bill, which passed 95 to 1, includes provisions for a special court of judges to hear the warrant applications in the wiretap cases. A similar provision in the House bill was knocked out Wednesday night. Both bills require that the government show the judges evidence of a crime before conducting surveillance against U.S. citizens.

## U.S. Planning Saudi Version Of Pentagon

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (AP) — The United States plans to build Saudi Arabia its own Pentagon, including a mosque and shopping mall, the Defense Department says.

The department has told Congress that the Saudis would pay the United States \$460 million to construct "a modern, functional and attractive office facility . . . [which] will be the Saudi equivalent of the Pentagon." The structure would house the Saudi Ministry of Defense and Aviation, the department said in a "policy justification" paper sent to congressional committees.

The paper said that the new ministry headquarters would include office space, cafeteria, mosque, auditorium, atrium, underground command center, 1,600-car garage, shopping facilities, gatehouses, and mechanical and electrical equipment buildings. Under the plan, roads, paving, utilities and landscaping would also be provided.

Geneva's  
HOTEL DU RHONE  
Quai Turrettini,  
1201 Geneva,  
Tel.: 022/31 98 31.  
Telex: 22213.

## Soyuz Switched To Other Dock

MOSCOW, Sept. 8 (UPI) — Two Soviet cosmonauts have transferred their Soyuz-31 capsule from one end of the orbiting Salyut-6 space laboratory to the other in a complex docking operation thought to be the first of its kind.

Tass said that commander Vladimir Kovalenko and flight engineer Alexander Ivanchenko crawled into Soyuz-31 for the 40-minute operation, designed to free the space station's rear docking port for a possible future supply mission.

The transfer was necessary because the Progress cargo capsules used to supply Salyut-6 can dock only at the rear port of the space lab.

## Nearly 500,000 Pupils Affected

## Teachers on Strike in 14 U.S. States

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (AP) — Teachers in at least 14 states, some of their leaders working in jail cells and union offices, picketed and disrupted classes today for nearly half million pupils in the United States.

Higher salaries were the main issue in almost all the walkouts. Classes began today in Cleveland, where the city received a \$20.7 million emergency loan from the state to open schools. But

school employee unions, representing 10,000 teachers and noncertified personnel, remained on strike for a second day. They urged parents to keep their children home. School officials reported light attendance.

Cleveland teachers receive between \$9,100 and \$18,650 a year. They are seeking a 20 percent increase. Teachers are also striking in Dayton, Ohio.

In New Orleans, the first negotiating session since schools opened Aug. 30 was set for today between representatives of the 4,300-member United Teachers of New Orleans and school board representatives. New Orleans teachers, who earn between \$10,096 and \$15,000 annually, have been seeking an 8 percent increase.

The city's 140 schools have remained open with nonstriking teachers, substitutes and parents, but only a third of the district's 91,000 pupils have been in class.

In Marion, Ind., where seven union leaders were jailed when teachers struck illegally 11 days ago, a tentative settlement was announced last night. The 500 members of the Marion Teachers Association are to vote on the proposed three-year contract today. If it is approved, the system's 9,900 pupils would return to classes Monday. Teachers, who earned annual salaries of between \$9,125 and \$17,428, had sought a 12 percent pay increase. No details of the proposed contract were released.

In New Jersey, the 65 lay teachers at Holy Cross Roman Catholic High School in Delran went on

## Kennedy Plans SALT Warning For Brezhnev

MOSCOW, Sept. 8 (AP) — U.S.

Sen. Edward Kennedy said today that he plans to tell Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev that he must take some steps to reverse the anti-Soviet mood in the United States or a new strategic-arms limitation agreement will not pass the Senate.

Sen. Kennedy, D-Mass., who arrived Tuesday to attend a health conference in Soviet Central Asia, said that he expects to see Mr. Brezhnev tomorrow.

He said that much of the debate on any SALT treaty the Carter administration presents to the Senate will center on the mood and climate of U.S.-Soviet relations.

"It's a tough mood at the present time," he said. "We'll just have to wait and see what steps are taken to try to improve it, but I just hope to be able to express one senator's view on some of the factors that have an impact and influence."

He did not reply directly when asked if he would bring up with Mr. Brezhnev the case of imprisoned Jewish dissident Anatoli Shcharansky.

## LA METAIRIE

CH - 1268 NYON - on Lake LEMAN  
20 minutes from GENEVA and Air Terminal.  
Tel.: 022/61.15.81  
Dr. R. W. SEMAUN

First class private establishment  
for nervous illnesses  
Chiropractic - Psychotherapy  
De-intoxication - Physiotherapy - Sports

## PARIS - BRINDISI - PATRAS - ATHENS Train and Ship Service

FOR MORE DETAILS CALL: LONDON 491 0074, 491 0044 - PARIS 342 22 24, 342 22 25, 342 22 26 - FRANKFURT 284 000 - ZURICH 282 700, 211 00 31 - BERN 25 00 44  
GENEVA 25 10 11, 25 10 11 - MILAN 28 20 21 - BRUSSELS 28 20 21, 28 20 22  
ROME 47 01 41, 47 01 41 - AMSTERDAM 24 10 11 - ATHENS 22 00 00, 22 00 01, 22 00 02

EGNATIA - APPIA - CASTALIA - ESPRESSO OLBIA

## Put your trust in a diamond.



WELCOME to the world of diamonds with diamonds and diamond jewelry at exceptionally low prices from the world's leading first source diamond company.

The finest quality diamonds for investment, gifts or your own personal use, direct from the diamond centre of the world.

Contact us for full information, or visit us.

## International Diamond Sales

Head Office: 59-62, Tottenham Court Road, London W1P 0LP.  
Tel: 011 31 7744, Telex: 45555 and 45556.  
London Salon: The Savoy Hotel, The Strand, London WC2R 0BP.  
Tel: 01 6376 2433.  
GIAI Diamonds Guaranteed By Certificate.

## WASHINGTON, D.C.

## A Renaissance of Graciousness

A luxury hotel in the great European tradition. Elegant, quiet, unruffled — never a convention.

## THE MADISON

Washington's Correct Address  
15th & M Streets, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20005  
Telex 64245  
Or see your travel agent  
Marshall B. Corne Proprietor

The quiet elegance of tradition.  
The NEW Ultra-Thin Analog Quartz Dress Watch Collection by Seiko.

In 1969, the world came to Seiko for the first quartz watch. And now from Seiko, today's leader in quartz, comes this elegant collection of dress watches. Slim and handsome. Unerringly accurate. Products of Seiko's unique progressive quartz technology and matchless tradition. Seiko Quartz.

SEIKO  
Someday all watches will be made this way.



## Walking a Line in Moscow

In convicting International Harvester's man in Moscow and suspending his five-year sentence, Soviet authorities seem to have walked a narrow line between conflicting political and diplomatic purposes. They fulfilled the domestic imperative of avoiding the full embarrassment of the KGB that acquittal would have produced; the KGB is the police agency that arrested Francis Crawford, evidently in retaliation for the indictment in New Jersey of two Russians for spying. Even so, in the trial, the prosecutor and the judge repeatedly — surely not by design — showed up the phoniness of the KGB's case. Their crudity established Mr. Crawford's innocence as effectively as he did by his own defense.

At the same time, the authorities avoided the further jolting damage to Soviet-American relations that would have resulted from a harsh sentence. The Crawford case is not the only irritant that has cropped up in recent months, but it is a major one and one whose removal has been accorded high priority by those on both sides concerned with larger affairs in both diplomacy and trade.

Since it was entirely at Soviet initiative that the Crawford case came about, it has been entirely up to the Kremlin to end it in a satisfactory way. The United States has rightly rejected any thought of a swap of an innocent American businessman for the two espionage agents, whose trial in New Jersey begins on Sept. 27.

The possibility remains of a swap of the "Woodbridge two" for other persons whose fate has been the subject of concern on the part of U.S. citizens and the U.S. government alike. The convicted Soviet dissident Anatoli Shcharansky and the convicted Soviet spy Anatoli Filatov are two whose names have been mentioned in this regard. No matter how common and, yes, useful the practice, there is something forlorn and distasteful about the international trade in human beings. In this instance, it would be necessary to intervene in a judicial process already under way. Nonetheless, if a fair and equal exchange can be arranged, it should be.

THE WASHINGTON POST

### Other U.S. Opinion

#### A Little Temporary Silence

Behind the security fences of Camp David, Md., the tripartite summit meeting on the Middle East is under way. The conference is not being held under a blanket of absolute secrecy — there are to be regular, if perhaps laundered, briefings for the press on what has been going on — but it is being held in the kind of privacy that will preclude the leaders of Egypt and Israel from dashing before television cameras every hour to give their selective interpretations of the proceedings. This voluntary isolation by the participants may prove of no little benefit to diplomacy.

That consideration pretty clearly was not absent from President Carter's mind when he invited President Anwar Sadat of Egypt and Prime Minister Menachem Begin of Israel to meet with him at the remote retreat in the Maryland mountains. It would be grossly overstating the case to suggest that the faltering and finally the collapse of Egyptian-Israeli negotiations since the beginning of this year came about because too many things were being said on the public record in Cairo and Jerusalem that should not have been said at all, but it would not be wrong to say that all the speculating, the interviews, the ad lib comments intended to support the resoluteness of negotiating positions have had a definite unsalubrious effect on the political climate. A little privacy, a little restraint in public comment, a little temporary silence before the microphones will not be a bad thing.

Whether Sadat and Begin will find that they have anything really new to say to each

other in the cozy seclusion of Camp David is another matter. There is always the chance, however disturbing it may be to contemplate, that everything that each man has been saying publicly in fact reflects his real and final thoughts, that the antithetical demands of the two sides are indeed what they intend to stand on. If that should be true, then no effort by Carter or anyone else, however valiant and persevering it might be, could fairly be expected to bring harmony from the discord.

The implicit assumption behind the call for the summit conference — and the willingness of Sadat and Begin to attend — is, though, that the gap is not unbridgeable, and that at the least the regression in Egyptian-Israeli relations that has set in since January can be halted and reversed. This doesn't mean that either Sadat or Begin has come to Camp David prepared to break the deadlock by making a grand gesture that negates earlier demands. But it could mean that each side is finally ready to embrace concessions that are perceived as being equal in effect, which is to say concessions that cannot be interpreted as signs of unilateral weakness.

This is where Carter's real value and essential role lie: in his ability to proffer conciliatory suggestions that, were they to come from one of the antagonists or the other, would probably be rejected out of hand as tainted with special advantage. What can be said factually is that Carter, by his sponsorship of the Camp David summit, is prepared to play that role. What can be optimistically inferred is that Sadat and Begin, by their presence, are prepared to accept that role.

— From the Los Angeles Times.

### International Opinion

#### Eurocommunism

The publication of the book "L'URSS et Nous" ("The U.S.S.R. and Us") by five French Communist academics marks a new step in the evolution of that puzzling and often tantalizing phenomenon which has become known as Eurocommunism . . . a process by which the Communist parties of Western democratic countries seek to adapt themselves to the political norms of the societies in which they operate, and at the same time to dissociate themselves from the Soviet model of socialism, which clearly has neither appeal nor relevance to the working people of modern Western countries.

The French Communist Party has often been seen as a laggard in this process . . . Now the successors of Maurice Thorez and his colleagues feel obliged to make amends by publishing and earnestly recommending to the party faithful a book which admits that the PCF took a long time to draw the conclusions from the 20th Soviet Party Congress and that this delay had serious consequences. Only so can they bridge the enormous credibility gap created by their earlier . . . persistence in proclaiming that black was white . . . Its version of de-Stalinization is still a carefully orchestrated one, of which it intends to remain . . . in firm control.

— From the Times (London).



'Make a Wish.'

### In the International Edition

#### Seventy-Five Years Ago

September 9, 1903

WASHINGTON — Violence and bloodshed between Mohammedans and native Christians occurred at Beirut. Eight natives and one Turkish soldier were killed; business is suspended. Cabled Admiral Cotton: "I have prepared to land for the protection of the property of American citizens if the situation demands it." The disturbance is attributed to the Christian population endeavoring to bring about the landing of marines from the recently arrived American warships.

#### Fifty Years Ago

September 9, 1928

CHICAGO — Tony Lombardo, one of "Scarface" Al Capone's lieutenants, was shot and killed late yesterday in one of the boldest murders ever committed in the Loop. Three gunmen, apparently avenging the Frankie Uale slaying in Brooklyn, fired a volley of shots that dropped Lombardo dead on the pavement, then threw down their smoking weapons and ran. The killers escaped when one of Lombardo's bodyguards who was pursuing them was stopped by police, who thought he was implicated in the murder.



'Feisty Little Cuss, Ain't He?'

## Two Shocks in Romania

By Leopold Unger

BRUSSELS — The earth shook twice in Romania on Tuesday, Sept. 5. The first tremor came at 1536 GMT and pushed the markers of the Richter scale seismometers to 4.6. It caused practically no damage.

The second tremor of the day was set off when President Nicolae Ceausescu dismissed the minister of the interior, Gen. Teodor Conan. This reverberating phenomenon already has led to the fall of several ministers, a dozen generals and as many superior officers. Furthermore, before the dust settles, it is certain to cloud the political atmosphere in Romania and elsewhere.

For if the removal of Gen. Conan can be seen as a direct consequence of the defection of one of his former aides, Gen. Ion Pacepa, there are two complementary ways of explaining just what is going on in Bucharest.

#### Major Crime

The first, the "routine" way, is that Gen. Conan was made to pay the price for a lack of revolutionary vigilance, certainly a major crime in Ceausescu's Romania. The ministers, generals and high civil servants of the security apparatus who were dismissed at the same time — and some of them jailed — were considered guilty of professional incompetence. Indeed, Gen. Pacepa was the first deputy interior minister and general of the security forces — responsible for the personal security of the head of state — to have defected to the enemy, with whom, according to several sources, he has long been collaborating.

All of this without being suspected, in the very heart of the unflinching military and civilian security network which runs a constant check on every Romanian citizen, with the sole and august exception of the paramount chief. Ceausescu's lie is all the greater because he has always done everything possible — some would say too much — to make sure that this sort of thing could never happen.

The president is a man who is nimble with his favors. No official in Romania can be sure of having the same job tomorrow that he has today. Twice a year, on the average, the earth shakes under the feet of the nation's leading civil servants, and officials can change their posts as in a game of musical chairs.

Before last Tuesday's Richter-record political quake, the earth shook violently in January of last year when more than a dozen high officials were removed or transferred. Three ministers and a number of officials got their notices a few months later, following the miners' strike in the summer; last April, several officials and ministers — including the foreign minister — were given other tasks, or none at all.

But there is another way of analyzing the Pacepa-Conan affair, and that is by placing it in perspective with the delicate Soviet-Romanian relations. The recent scandal has many similarities to the infamous "Serb case." Sources in Bucharest announced in February, 1972, that Gen. Ion Serb had been executed. Gen. Serb was a veteran of the Tudor-Vladimirescu division created during World War II by Romanian Communists in the Soviet Union, and he reportedly was shot for spying for the Soviet Union. The affair caused much furor at the time and Bucharest was forced to make an official comment on the case.

#### Confirmation

The Romanian Embassy in Vienna soon confirmed that Gen. Serb had been "reduced in rank and drummed out of the army." By refusing to deny that Gen. Serb had been executed, Bucharest implicitly confirmed that he was at the center of a serious rift with the Soviet Union.

Without reaching such extreme proportions (although Gen. Pacepa already has been condemned to death in absentia), the recent affair somewhat resembles the earlier incident.

First, the dismissals each took place following a major event in Romanian-Romanian relations. A few weeks following Gen. Pacepa's defection, Chinese President Hua Kuo-feng visited Bucharest, while a few weeks before the Serb case broke, Ceausescu went to Mao Tse-tung's Peking.

In 1972, Ceausescu was almost expelled from Moscow Airport when he tried to make a stopover there on his return from Peking. This year, Moscow is up in arms over the Hua visit.

In addition, as it is the case today, in 1972 the minister of the interior, then Ilie Patrutiu, was held responsible for the errors in the Serb case and was made to pay the price. Furthermore, just as the Serb case followed, and probably was revealed by, a series of defections of major Soviet agents, the Conan affair — possibly the first of a series — began with the defection of Gen. Pacepa, who for several weeks has been on intimate speaking terms with the CIA in Washington.

And this may be the heart of the analogy between two political broglies — at least as concerns their potential consequences. In one case as in the other, the threat to Ceausescu — which he very clearly saw looming — was the same.

#### Denunciation

Before dismissing Gen. Conan and his colleagues, Ceausescu made it a point to denounce "the rotten elements in the nation, always ready to betray the homeland for a handful of silver . . ." He may well have been alluding as equally to the hard currency equivalent as to the ruble value of this handful of silver. In other words, it may well be that Gen. Pacepa not only denounced — as did the defectors a few years back — a Soviet spy network active in West Germany, but, informed as he was, he may also have "given" a Soviet network to Bucharest.

If that proves to be the case, and whatever his motives may have been, Gen. Pacepa would then have rendered a final service to his old boss by alerting him to the latest forms of the same old peril.

Leopold Unger is a columnist for the International Herald Tribune.

## Britain's Ambivalence on U.S. and Europe

By William Pfaff

PARIS — The British government's latest decision on aircraft purchases and manufacture are likely to prove of lasting political consequence. They again demonstrate, on a vital commercial issue, Britain's continuing ambivalence over whether the country's true interests lie in ties to Europe or across the Atlantic. This angers Britain's giant on the Continent. But more serious for both Britain and Europe is that it confirms Western Europe in a course of future development from which, in basic respects, Britain is choosing to be excluded.

The Callaghan government has authorized British Airways to buy 19 Boeing-757 airliners, thereby providing Boeing with one of its two indispensable launch orders for the new plane. The 757 will also be supported by the government-owned Rolls Royce, which will supply a new engine for the initial version of the 757. But at the same time, British Aerospace Corporation, also government-owned, has been authorized to join the European Airbus consortium as a full partner, a project which British officials left several years ago as commercially unprofitable.

#### Hostile, Mocking

The French reaction to this has been hostile, even mocking. For the present, a French veto has been imposed on Britain's rejoining West Germany and France in the Airbus program. *Le Monde's* correspondent writes that London's decisions have "irretrievably aligned the British aeronautical industry at the side of the United States, or more precisely, that of Boeing . . . In French aeronautical circles there already is no hesitation in foreseeing for the British company a future as Boeing's subcontractor, living off the technological clunkiness of the American giant . . . The president of the French aerospace manufacturer, Jacques Mitterrand, says of the existing Airbus program that "each passing day makes the present situation more and more irreversible." Contracts already are being let for tools for the new version of the Airbus, and new collaborators are being sought in the Netherlands and elsewhere to replace the British.

Yet it was something of a surprise that London even sought a

return to the Airbus program. There were very strong pressures in press and government to commit British Aerospace to Boeing as a junior partner in the 757 program. The prime minister reportedly wanted a collaboration with McDonnell Douglas (which that American company eventually turned down). Rolls Royce wanted Britain with Boeing because that is where it sees the biggest market for its engines. British Airways already flies Boeings, likes them, and in the past has too often been forced to buy British-manufactured aircraft it really did not want — Concorde being the latest. Only British Aerospace wanted the European choice, since it wants to go on being an independent aerospace manufacturer able to design and lead major projects. With Boeing, that was in doubt.

Behind the commercial arguments was something more subtle. The real division within the British

government and its industrial elite is the old one between the Americans and the pro-Europeans. Despite the 67 percent majority for Europe achieved in the 1975 EEC plebiscite, Britain's leaders remain seemingly unconvinced about Europe; and each time a serious choice between America and Europe is posed, they hesitate. They pause they think of the past, remembering the two wars, the victorious partnership with the United States and the humiliation and past powerlessness of democratic Europe. They feel the old tension and ambivalence toward France, and the old distrust of Germany. And thus, given the choice, most of them prove to prefer cooperation with the United States to cooperation with Europe. Even if events press them toward a European choice, they try to keep open the American alternative, to have it both ways.

For the British, to try to have it

both ways may be a plausible course of action, although as the Guardian has noted it involves a risk of failing on both sides — losing the rewards of either American or European cooperation through a less-than-complete commitment to either. But for Europe it implies something else, which the current anger or irritation in Paris or Bonn may obscure.

#### Gravity Center

When the European Community expanded in 1973 from six members to nine, it was meant to change in a basic way. The predominance of West Germany and France was supposed to end. The Dutch and Danes in particular saw Britain as a counterweight in the long term to the influence of the West Germans and French. Europe's center of gravity was no longer to be on the Rhine, in Catholic Europe.

But the change has not taken place. The vital evolution of Europe remains with the old Six, not the Nine, and above all with the French and West Germans — as the most recent proposals for European currency collaboration have again shown. It remains with them because Britain has chosen to decline the major role it might have played. This is a disappointment most of all to the small West European states. But it is a fact about what is happening to Europe, and London's actions last week confirm it.

STEVE DELRUAS.

Barcelona.

### Letters

#### Herbs and Doctors

Thank you for printing the rebuttal by Mr. Waverley Root regarding herb teas to the slanted story by Jane E. Brody (HT, Aug. 23). Even water when consumed to excess can cause serious illness or death. Miss Brody reports instances of health problems from drinking substances that I have never seen on sale in any store either in the United States or Europe. Miss Brody would have been a better reporter had she obtained information about herbs from knowledgeable scientists that do not have any axe to grind.

The International Herald Tribune welcomes letters from readers. Short letters have a better chance of being published. All letters are subject to condensation for space reasons. Anonymous letters will not be considered for publication. Writers may request that their letters be signed only with initials but preference will be given to those fully signed and bearing the writer's complete address. The Herald Tribune cannot acknowledge letters sent to the editor.

Democratic Rep. George E. Danielson, a member of the House International Relations Committee, represents California's 30th District. He wrote this article for the Los Angeles Times.

## A U.S. Congressman Returns to Vietnam

By George E. Danielson

WASHINGTON — I left Washington three weeks ago to visit Vietnam and Laos. During our eight-day stay we became the first elected U.S. officials to visit Ho Chi Minh City — formerly Saigon — since the end of the war in April, 1975. Our purpose was to explore the possibilities of a new U.S. relationship with Vietnam and Laos.

As the Air Force's White House VIP plane — a 707 cousin of President Carter's Air Force One — approached Hanoi, I could see bomb craters below along the railroad tracks, near bridges and around the airport. Filled with muddy water, they were pockmarks on the lush green of the rice paddies and reminded me of the devastating bombing that Vietnam received during the U.S. air war.

As we prepared to land, I could see a number of anti-aircraft guns, lightly camouflaged, apparently pointing at us. The guns were manned.

We were driven to Hanoi in Russian automobiles. The route took us over the wide Red River on the only bridge, we were told, that had escaped the bombing. There we were trapped by an immense traffic jam of bicycles, trucks and buses filled with Vietnamese, including army troops. Hundreds of others were on foot.

#### Curious Stares

It was unbearably hot in the cars, so we got out and immediately became the objects of curious stares. Not only did we look out of place in our suits and ties, but we were wearing large identification badges emblazoned with the American flag. The better part of valor being making friends, we smiled and said hello. It's doubtful that anyone understood the word, but they returned the smiles, and the ice was broken. For 45 minutes we remained on the bridge with hundreds of curious Vietnamese, but there was no hint of hostility.

Hanoi is a quiet, orderly, austere city. It seems tired, and the scars of war show. The buildings badly need paint and other refurbishing. Everyone seems busy, and the streets are crowded with bicycles and buses. In the parks, groups of adults can be seen doing calisthenics, while others squat in the shade listening to political lectures and a platoon of recruits learns how to use the Russian AK-47 rifle.

Our delegation held a series of meetings in the room that once served as an office for Ho Chi Minh. A major concern was settling once and for all the question of Americans still listed as missing in action. At the end of extensive talks with Vietnamese officials, we reached the unanimous opinion that there are no living American POWs or MIAs in Southeast Asia. There is no credible evidence that any MIAs remain alive in Vietnam and Laos. Indeed, all evidence is to the contrary.

Ho Chi Minh City was our next stop. Those of us who remembered Saigon during the American occupation observed that the principal change was in degree, not in style. Then, the city roared with tens of

thousands of motorcycles and automobiles; today there are only thousands. But there is still the smell of exhausts, and motorcycles still make it hazardous to cross the principal streets.

#### Unemployment

Saigon has not yet been fully digested by the new regime. Unemployment is a big problem — the estimated figure is 1 million. This despite the fact that the government has encouraged 700,000 city dwellers to return to the countryside, where officials are hoping to convert undeveloped land into cropland.

The Vietnamese expressed a strong desire for a normalization of relations with the United States, and for lifting the present trade embargo. Formerly they insisted that the United States pay \$2 billion in reparations as a condition for normalization. We told them that Congress is not inclined to appropriate any money for reparations or reconstruction aid. They accepted our position, and said they seek normalization talks without preconditions.

What would normalization do for the United States? Vietnam could be a substantial market for our products. It needs rice, soybeans and other foodstuffs, spare parts for its machinery, and new machinery for agriculture and industry. It needs fertilizer and agricultural chemicals. Vietnam also lacks cotton and synthetic fiber for its textile mills. However, it has no hard currency with which to pay for these items, and would have to sell something in order to obtain the funds.

What can the United States buy from the Vietnamese? They have rubber, some metals and some timber that we can use, and miscellaneous craftware such as ceramics, lacquerware and the like — admittedly not enough to offset the things that they need to buy.

#### Potential Resource

But Vietnam has an important potential resource. Preliminary explorations indicate that there may be substantial offshore oil deposits. But development of this oil by American companies cannot take place unless the trade embargo is lifted, and that requires normalization.

There is another advantage to normalization: Vietnam may become the Indochinese counterpart of Yugoslavia. The Vietnamese strongly expressed their desire to steer a middle course between China and the Soviet Union. They claim that their foreign policy is based on "independence and sovereignty." They insist that they will not allow their country to be dominated by any foreign power.

By normalizing relations with Hanoi, the United States could help Vietnam remain unaligned, and could bring stability to what continues to be an uncertain area of the world.



## A Peaceful Transition Is Expected

## Moi Wins Broad Support As Kenyatta's Successor

By John Damron

NAIROBI, Sept. 8 (NYT) — In the week that has passed since the death of Jomo Kenyatta, politicians, labor leaders and other leading figures have rallied around the acting president, Daniel Arap Moi, virtually insuring his unopposed election as Mr. Kenyatta's successor.

The messages of condolence that poured into State House last week have given way to declarations of support for Mr. Moi. Many of them call for him to be the only candidate to be nominated for president at a meeting, due on Oct.

6, of the country's sole political party, the Kenya African National Union.

The declarations of support, which receive front-page exposure in both of Kenya's two principal newspapers, have had a bandwagon effect, so that most observers now predict that Mr. Moi, 54, will be nominated by acclamation.

Chances are good that no election will be held. The constitution states that "where only one candidate for the presidency is validly nominated, he shall be declared to be elected as president."

It is not that Mr. Moi, a tall, soft-spoken, former headmaster, is exceedingly popular. Like other politicians here, he cut a small figure in the long shadow of Mr. Kenyatta. But, as vice president for 11 years, he is a familiar face from years of snipping ceremonial ribbons in front of new school buildings and filling in for the president, who did not travel by airplane, at international forums abroad.

## Rallying Cry

He is a symbol of continuity to a people who for years worried that the death of the founding father might usher in chaos and conflict. In his public statements, Mr. Moi has continually emphasized that, as acting president, he will carry on the policies of Mr. Kenyatta in everything from foreign affairs to economic development.

In his first address to the nation last Friday, in which he warned against tribalism and unnamed elements "who would like to create dissension and confusion," he ended with Mr. Kenyatta's famous rallying cry of *harambee* (pull together).

Mr. Moi has the backing of two of the country's strongest political figures, the sometimes-feared attorney general, Charles Njonjo, and the erudite finance minister, Mwai Kibaki. Both are pillars of the political establishment, dominated by Mr. Kenyatta's Kikuyu tribe.

Mr. Moi is from a minority tribe, the Tugen of the Kalenjin group. For this reason, some argue, his accession to the presidency would be unlikely to trigger resentment from other tribes, such as the Luo, potential rivals of the Kikuyu.

## Drop From Running

So far no one has stepped up to challenge Mr. Moi for the presidency. On Tuesday, two figures who had been mentioned as potential candidates — Minister of State Mbiyu Koinange and Njoro Mungai, a former foreign minister — removed themselves from the running. Both were reported to have dismissed rumors and foreign press reports that they had sought the nomination.

A former opposition figure, Odiga Oginga, who broke with Mr. Kenyatta 12 years ago to form his own party and was then detained, indicated in a recent interview that he would accept the presidency "if the people confide in me and say I should be the one." He appeared to ignore a stipulation in the constitution that a candidate must be an elected member of Parliament, which he is not.

A sign of the support that Mr. Moi commands came last week when the Cabinet pledged its loyalty to him and newspapers began calling him "president" instead of "acting president."

"Landslide for Moi," said Monday's headline in the Daily Nation, much as it was reporting election-day results. The reference was to the letters-to-the-editor section.

In conversations, Kenyans appear proud that the country is moving toward a peaceful, constitutional transfer of power. Some resent what a paper called "the cliché that Africa's peoples are not capable of stability."

## 96 Burmese Rebels

## Killed in Drug Sweep

RANGOON, Burma, Sept. 8 (AP) — Troops killed 96 persons and captured 52 in a three-month operation against drug-trafficking rebels in eastern and northeastern Burma, the government said yesterday. It gave government losses as three dead and 20 wounded.

It said the troops fought 33 skirmishes in the Lashio, Kokang and Tangyang areas of northeastern Burma and the eastern Kengtung area with assorted groups.

The troops confiscated 3,300 pounds of opium, 135 weapons, 56 pack mules and communications equipment, the communique said.



MEMBER OF THE WEDDING — Russian naval vessel shadows the British aircraft carrier Ark Royal (from which this picture was taken) during NATO exercise "Northern Wedding" in North Atlantic. In return, a helicopter from the Ark Royal shadows intruder.

## In Vatican Editorial on Texas Law

## Papal Objection to Death Penalty Seen

By Paul Hoffmann

ROME, Sept. 8 (NYT) — The Vatican newspaper *L'Osservatore Romano* said yesterday that the substitution of poisonous chemicals for the electric chair in a Texas execution was mere "hypocrisy," and that capital punishment was "murder."

The flat condemnation of the death penalty was contained in an editorial by the Rev. Gino Conetti, a Franciscan friar on the staff of the pontifical newspaper who often writes on moral questions.

The unusual emphasis given to the issue by the pontifical newspaper and the language used by the editorialist suggested to some analysts that the article may reflect views strongly held by Pope John Paul I or may even have been inspired by him.

The new pontiff is an avid newspaper reader, and in sermons and speeches has often pointed to occurrences gleaned from the press to illustrate some problem of faith or morals.

On the front page of yesterday's Vatican newspaper, the editorial on the death penalty appeared underneath the text of an address by the pope to the clergy of Rome, his own bishopric. The speech dealt with what Pope John Paul called priestly discipline.

The editorial referred to plans to

execute Mary Lou Anderson in a Texas penitentiary by an injection of thiopental. The method may seem "less barbarous" to Texas law-enforcement officers than electrocution, *L'Osservatore Romano* remarked, but "if mankind wants to rid itself of barbarism, it must above all thoroughly respect the life of every human being, regardless of his or her social, economic, civil, legal, moral and biological condition."

The editorial declared that society's right to mete out punishment for criminal behavior was limited by the dignity of the human person and his inalienable rights. "The right to life is a right that must not be curtailed," the article said. "No human authority may violate it without incurring retribution."

*L'Osservatore Romano* went on: "If death by shooting, the guillotine or the electric chair is being replaced by a normalcy, the grave nature of the act is not; it remains a murderous act."

The Vatican newspaper said that the Roman Catholic hierarchy in the United States, like bishops in other countries, had backed the drive for abolition of capital punishment. They were prompted, *L'Osservatore Romano* affirmed, "by reasons of the gospel and of the dignity of the human person" that must prevail over the arguments of those who favored the

death penalty as a means to combat crime.

## Formal Sentencing Canceled

WHARTON, Texas, Sept. 8 (UPI) — A judge canceled tomorrow's scheduled formal sentencing of a Miss Anderson, who is scheduled to die by injection thiopental on a murder charge.

Miss Anderson, 35, was convicted and sentenced by a jury Aug. 29 of hiring the killer of her father, Steve Anderson, 55.

The prosecution argued that she wanted the insurance money on her father's death to make restitution while on probation on bad check charges.

Appeal of the death penalty is automatic under Texas law, and State District Court Judge Neil Caldwell decided that the sentencing was not needed because of the appeal provision.

## But Draws No Conclusions

## A U.S. Study on Laetrile Reports Patient Response

By Jane E. Brody

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (NYT) — An evaluation by the National Cancer Institute of scores of cancer patients purported to have benefited from treatment with laetrile has revealed six patients with a significant response to the controversial therapy.

The institute said that its findings, reported in the current issue of *The New England Journal of Medicine*, allowed no conclusions to be drawn regarding the possible benefits or lack of benefits from laetrile treatment.

The analysis was made to determine if there was any justification for starting a government-sponsored clinical trial of laetrile, a substance derived from apricot and other pits that is said to release killing doses of cyanide within cancer cells. Laetrile is not approved for use by the federal Food and Drug Administration and cannot be legally transported across state lines, but several states have recently passed laws allowing its use within state borders.

Although laetrile has shown no variable anticancer activity in animal studies, the cancer institute is considering a human laetrile study in response to public pressure and to try to settle the laetrile question. A committee of the institute is scheduled to meet Sept. 25 to decide whether to support human tests. The study, published Wednesday, was undertaken to help in making this decision.

In their report, the institute scientists expressed surprise that only 63 laetrile cases, from the more than 70,000 persons said to have taken laetrile and the hundreds who supposedly have been cured by it, were submitted to the government agency for evaluation.

## 455,000 Letters

The institute had sent 455,000 letters to physicians, pharmacists, hospital and health department officials and pro-laetrile group soliciting cases thought to have benefited from laetrile. Reports on 230 cases were received, but permission to evaluate the results was only given to 93 cases by the patients or their next of kin. Twenty-six of the 93 cases were excluded because the institute could not obtain sufficient data on which to base its evaluation.

Thus 67 laetrile patients were evaluated along with a smaller number of conventionally treated patients included to help ensure a fair analysis. Twelve physicians reviewed the cases without knowing which patients were in which groups. They concluded that, among the laetrile-treated patients, two — one with a lymph cancer and the other with lung cancer — experienced a complete disappearance.

ance of their cancers and four with other types of cancer had responded partially. A partial response was also noted for a patient who had received no treatment.

The scientists said that they could "not dismiss the possibility that the six patients responded to laetrile" but neither could they say that they had. Other factors, including simultaneous metabolic therapy, improved diet, psychological support and "the immeasurable ingredient of hope" could have accounted for the results. They also noted that they had no way to assure that the cases were truthfully submitted and that the laetrile patients had not also received accepted cancer remedies along with the illegal drug.

The institute also reviewed 11 cases believed to have benefited from laetrile that were submitted by the director of a Mexican laetrile clinic. Of these, one had insufficient information for evaluation, nine could not be evaluated either because other treatment was also given or because the extent of the patients' cancers was unverifiable, and one patient had progressive cancer.

## Charter Airlines

## Fear a Squeeze

## In Gatwick Plan

LONDON, Sept. 8 (UPI) — Tiny Stansted Airport could become Britain's leading charter airport of the 1980s because of a government policy to switch noncharter flights to the Iberian peninsula from Heathrow Airport to Gatwick.

The move would force many charter airlines to move their operations from Gatwick, south of London, to Stansted, northeast of London, the weekly *Travel Trade Gazette* said yesterday.

Many charter airlines, the publication said, fear they will be squeezed out of Gatwick to Stansted by the arrival of Iberia (Spain), TAP (Portugal), British Airways and other carriers.

"There is speculation that the new charter airlines, such as the ones recently formed by Global and Intasun and similar's cargo operation, will be refused Gatwick licenses by the British Airport Authority," the publication said.

"Senior executives of charter airlines based at Gatwick are acutely aware of the fact that the government has a secret policy to develop Stansted as Britain's No.1 airport," it said.

## Japan and U.S. To Cooperate On New Energy

TOKYO, Sept. 8 (UPI) — Japan and the United States have agreed to cooperate in developing new energy sources to meet the needs of the next century, with priority given to nuclear fusion.

Officials of both countries announced the agreement at the conclusion of a meeting by the first working group on Japanese-American Cooperation in Science and Technology.

The meeting was a follow-up to Premier Takeo Fukuda's proposal to President Carter in Washington last May for joint Japanese-U.S. cooperation in science and technology, particularly in research and development of new energy sources.

John Deutsch, assistant secretary of the U.S. Energy Department, said that the group agreed to cooperate in the fields of nuclear fusion, coal liquefaction, solar energy and photosynthesis, geothermal energy and high energy physics as well as in unspecified nonenergy areas.

## Man Convicted In U.S. Deaths In Discotheque

WHITE PLAINS, N.Y., Sept. 8 (AP) — A 24-year-old man was convicted yesterday of murder for setting a 1974 discotheque fire in which 24 persons died.

A jury deliberated more than 8½ hours in Westchester County Court before finding Peter Leonard of Greenwich, Conn., guilty on each of the 28 counts in the indictment, including 24 counts of felony murder, one count each of second-degree arson and second-degree burglary and two counts of petit larceny.

Leonard, who already has served four years in prison on an earlier sentence, could receive 15 years to life in prison on each murder count. He will be sentenced Sept. 28. Leonard was charged with setting the fire to cover up a burglary he committed at a bowling alley adjacent to Gulliver's Restaurant, a popular nightclub in Port Chester, N.Y.

## Cholera Deaths in Africa

BRUSSELS, Sept. 8 (AP) — Cholera has killed at least 175 persons in eastern Zaire and Burundi since the epidemic started more than three months ago, Belgian sources said today.

## EMMANUEL BAPTIST CHURCH

66 Rue de la Chapelle, Paris 18e (Métro: Ligne 1, station: Laperouse). Sunday Worship 10 a.m. 5.5.11 p.m. French, English, Spanish, Italian, Tel. 964.32.32

## ST. GEORGE'S ANGLICAN CHURCH

SUNDAY: SUNG EUCHARIST 10:30, with Sunday School & Credo at 4 Rue de Valenciennes, Paris 10e (Métro: Ligne 1, station: Laperouse). Information about other services from the Church of the Holy Trinity, 7 Rue de Valenciennes, Paris 10e. Tel. 964.32.32

## AMERICAN CHURCH IN PARIS

WORSHIP SERVICE 11 a.m. For all Christians 65 Quai d'Orsay (Métro: Invalides, Alibi-Mercure, Bus 63 at door). Tel. 551.38.90. Edwin H. Tuller, Pastor.

## AMERICAN CATHEDRAL

Episcopal Interdenominational Congregation SUNDAY SERVICES: 9:30 and 11:00 a.m. Nursery school at 11:00 a.m. 23 Ave. de la République, Paris 12e. Tel. 339.17.90. Métro: George-V & Alibi-Mercure.

## GERMANY-FRANKFURT

St. Mary's R.C. Parish Church & Rectory "Christus an der Wiebe, 33 English Masses in Oberstadt. Sat. 5:15 p.m. Sun. 11 a.m. English Mass: Frankfurt, Lohrstr. 115 p.m. Priest Fr. Ernest Beck. Phone 0471-52547.

## GERMANY-MÜNCHEN

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION (Anglican), Holy Communion, 11:30 a.m. Sunday nursery, church school, coffee fellowship, Seybartsstrasse 4 Tel. 648185

## Obituaries

## 'Divine' Ricardo Zamora, Legendary Soccer Goalie

BARCELONA, Sept. 8 (UPI) — Ricardo Zamora, 77, the legendary Spanish goalkeeper long known throughout the soccer world as *El Divino* (the divine one), died early today, doctors said at San Jose Hospital.

A soccer prodigy, Mr. Zamora was discovered when he substituted for the goalkeeper on the University of Barcelona team. He had planned to become a doctor like his father, but instead joined the first-division club Espanol Barcelona at the age of 15.

He played 46 matches on the national team between 1920 and 1936, allowing no goals in 20 of them. Spain scored 111 goals to 42 by its opponents with Mr. Zamora as goalie.

There are only two gatekeepers, St. Peter in heaven and Ricardo Zamora on earth," a French journalist once declared. During a tournament in Latin America in the 1930s, the manager of a rival club offered to buy a house for any player who could get a goal past Mr. Zamora. No one could.

Asked once whether he remembered the first goal he allowed, Mr. Zamora replied: "No, but certainly it was offside."

Although he played in the Span-

ish league, under regulations of the time he could qualify for Spain's Olympic squad. At the age of 19 he helped Spain win a silver medal at the 1920 Olympics, and played again in the 1924, 1928 and 1936 Olympics.

During his long career Mr. Zamora also played for F.C. Barcelona and Real Madrid, served as trainer for Atletico Madrid, Celta de Vigo and Espanol Barcelona, and wrote sports for the newspapers *Ya* of Madrid and *La Vanguardia* of Barcelona.

He had been in poor health for the last seven years. Liver and kidney failure followed cerebral thrombosis on Aug. 21, and doctors said that his heart failed before dawn today.

## Grga Novak

ZAGREB, Yugoslavia, Sept. 8 (UPI) — Grga Novak, one of Yugoslavia's leading scholars, died here yesterday, the news agency Tanjug reported.

Mr. Novak, 90, was an academician, historian and archaeologist who specialized in the prehistory and history of Yugoslavia's Dalmatian coast. He was first honorary president of the Yugoslav Academy of Sciences and Arts.

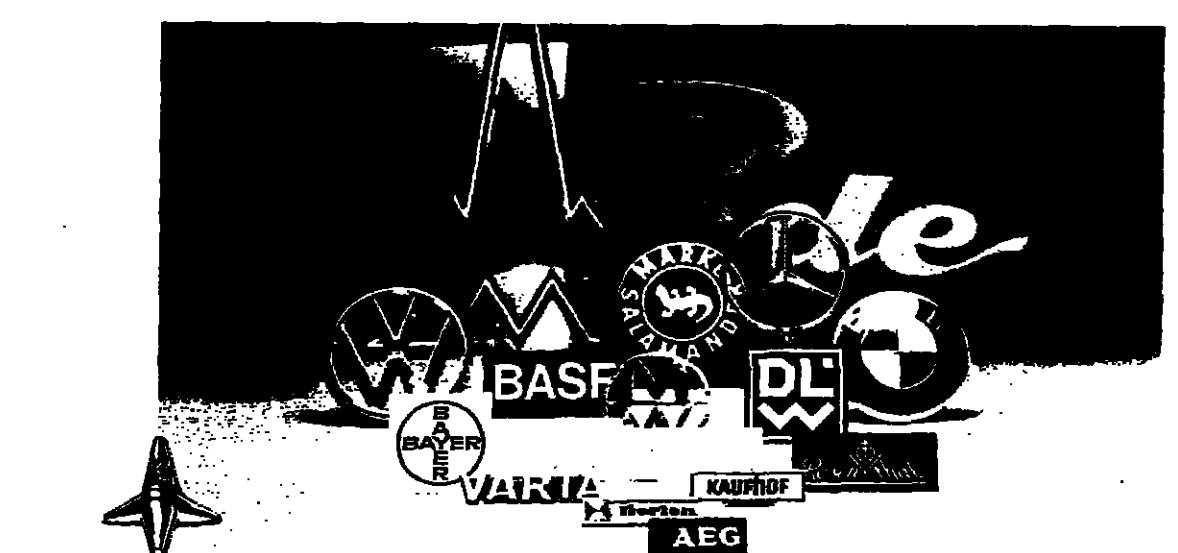
## Rex Howell

GRAND JUNCTION, Colo., Sept. 8 (AP) — Rex Howell, 71, chairman of the board of XYZ Television Inc. and former chairman of the board of the National Association of Broadcasters, died here yesterday.

Mr. Howell was the chief stockholder of the XYZ Network, which groups KREX-TV in Grand Junction, KREY-TV in Montrose and KREZ-TV in Durango. He was the first president of the Colorado Broadcasters Association and a former state representative. He was a board member of Broadcast Music, Inc., and Columbia Broadcasting Systems.

He had been hospitalized since Sunday with heart problems.

## How you can profit from the German economy



Unifonds, one of the largest German investment funds, offers you a convenient participation in the growing German economy. Unifonds invests only in stocks of leading West German companies. Therefore, Unifonds is backed by the efficiency of the German economy, the high quality of its goods and services and the stable D-Mark.

Unifonds is managed by Union-Investment-Gesellschaft mbH of Frankfurt/Main, one of the most highly experienced German fund management companies. It offers the added safeguard of operating within the strict framework of the German Investment Company Act.

Unifonds shares can be bought or sold at any time through your bank or broker. Prices are published daily in the International Herald Tribune and in the Financial Times. Unifonds shares are traded on the stock exchanges in Amsterdam, Antwerp, Brussels and Vienna. Unifonds shares are also available from any bank in West Germany and through our agents/partners in the following countries:

Austria: Genossenschaftliche Zentralbank AG, Hernalsterstrasse 1, Postfach 50, A-1071 Vienna.  
Belgium: Dewas, Seblin, Servais, van Campenhout & Co S.C.S., Boulevard Anspach 1, B-1000 Brussels.  
France: Banque de l'Indochine et de l'Extrême Orient, 96, Boulevard Haussmann, F-75008 Paris.  
Japan: Daiwa Securities Co. Ltd., 14, Kojimachi 2-Chome, Nishi-Shinjyuku-ku, Tokyo.  
Netherlands: Algemeent Bank Nederland N.V., Vijzelstraat 32, Postbus 599, CH-1001 Basel.  
Switzerland: E. Gutzwiller & Co., Kaufhausstrasse 7, CH-4001 Basel.  
Vontobel & Co., Bahnhofstrasse 3, CH-8002 Zurich.

Development of an assumed investment of DM 10,000 in UNIFONDS shares in various currencies since the formation of the fund including the reinvestment of all distributions

Currency	Equivalent of DM 100 on 12th April 1958	Invested at formation of UNIFONDS	Equivalent of DM 100 on 30th June 1978	Value of shares at the redemption price	Performance in %
Deutsche Mark	23.81	10,000	23.81	81,723.82	+ 517.2
US Dollar	23.81	2,381.00	23.81	23,810.00	+ 1,149.3
Pound Sterling	8.50	850.34	23.81	1,777.6	+ 1,109.8
Swiss Franc	104.11	10,411.47	86.36	55,150.23	+ 428.7
Belgian Franc	1,180.48	118,048.00	1,575.80	972,844	+ 717.0
French Franc	85.33	8,533.33	217.1	134,108.58	+ 1,508.1
Dutch Florin	90.48	9,048.00	107.54	86,377.80	+ 833.8
Italian Lira	14,896.57	1,489,657.00	41,152	25,400,586	+ 1,808.7
Austrian Schilling	618.05	61,805.00	720.41	144,854.57	+ 818.3
Japanese Yen	8.571	857.10	9.852	6,081,031	+ 808.5

Coupon For more information please contact our agents/partners - see above - or Union-Investment-Gesellschaft mbH, Postfach 167 67, D-6000 Frankfurt/West Germany.

## An Evening with VICTOR BORGE



Special Guest: J. MARYLYN MULVEY (Performance in English)

MARDI 12 septembre 21.00h Théâtre des Champs-Élysées. Tel. 225.44.36

## SUDDEUTSCHE KLASSENLOTTERIE

offers again

HIGHER WINNINGS  
7x 1 MILLION D-Marks  
8x 1/2 MILLION D-Marks  
12x 1/4 MILLION D-Marks and  
200 421 other prizes!  
here's a choice of

FREE TICKET NUMBERS: (first come first serve)

N° 010 463 - 1/1 □  
041 478 - 4/8 □  
065 385 - 1/1 □  
109 348 - 4/4 □  
146 134 - 8/8 □  
238 821 - 2/2 □  
244 245 - 1/1 □  
345 871 - 4/4 □

order YOUR number or ask for further detail at:

LOTTERIE FREUNDEL  
P.O.B. 700230  
D-6000 FRANKFURT/MAIN 70  
WEST GERMANY

PLEASE SEND DETAILS AND TICKET N°.

NAME: .....

ADDRESS: .....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



**SPEAK JAPANESE!**  
All levels. Audio-visual methods by qualified Japanese teachers.  
**COURS DE JAPONAIS DE TENRI**  
Enseignement privé  
9, Rue Victor Considérant, 75014 PARIS Tel. 633-1185

**DIRECTOR**  
**United Nations International School**  
starting 1 Sept. 1979  
To head an international school of 1500 students and a faculty of 130 located in NY City. The Director will be responsible for the overall administration of the school, including both academic and fiscal aspects.  
The candidate must be experienced in international education; possess advanced academic qualifications; have proven academic, administrative and fiscal skills; be fluent in English and proficient in one other language.  
Salary commensurate with qualifications and experience. Term of contract three years with possible extension.  
Address all inquiries and request for application to: The Search Committee  
UNIS, Board Office - Room 2541 - United Nations - New York, NY 10017 USA.

## 22 Years After Fleeing Russia U.S. Man Still Seeks to Free Soviet Family

TIGARD, Ore., Sept. 8 (AP) — Twenty-two years have passed since Soviet-born Anatoli Michelson last saw his wife and daughter.  
Mr. Michelson, 60, who moved to Oregon four months ago, left the Soviet Union secretly after the Soviet government repeatedly denied him and his family permanent visas, he said recently. When he went to Austria on a two-week visa in 1956, he never returned.  
"The Russian government punishes two innocent women for what I did," Mr. Michelson said.  
The separation of the family members is believed to be the longest-standing case of its kind in the United States.  
Moscow has continued to deny exit visas to Galina Michelson, his wife, 56 and nearly blind, and their daughter Olga, 30, despite appeals by the U.S. State Department and members of Congress.

After leaving the Soviet Union, Mr. Michelson, an engineer, went to Germany and worked for six and a half years. It was there that he began the struggle to free his family, working through the United Nations, the International Red Cross and other groups.  
He was able to see the wife of then Soviet Premier Nikita Khrushchev in 1961 and to give her a letter explaining his story. Two weeks later, letters and packages for the first time began to get through between Mr. Michelson and his family. However, no further progress was made, he said.  
Soon afterwards, Mr. Michelson moved to the United States. While he lived in Pennsylvania and later Ohio, he wrote to Soviet and U.S. officials for help. He said that many senators, including Edward Kennedy of Massachusetts, have appealed to the Soviet Union to end the separation.  
"The Soviets will do nothing unless they have some interest to do so," Mr. Michelson said. "Our government could do this by including my family in an exchange for imprisoned Soviet spies," he said.  
Mr. Michelson said that he approves of President Carter's attempts to free Soviet dissidents but feels that stronger efforts should be made for his family.

### INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

Master's degree residence executive development program in London and Cambridge. Designed for the busy executive, evening classes meet once a week. Program begins in September and February each year; completion in 20 months or less.  
Details from:  
U.S.C., 7 N. Audley St., London, W1Y 1WJ, Tel. 01 629 2271.

## U.S. Judge Rules East Germany Owes \$28,500 Taxes in Virginia

ALEXANDRIA, Va., Sept. 8 (AP) — A U.S. judge ruled yesterday that East Germany owes Arlington County \$28,500 in delinquent real-estate taxes.  
U.S. District Judge Albert Bryman had ruled on Aug. 4 that despite claims of diplomatic immunity, the East German government could be sued for local taxes on an apartment building it owns. The judge said that diplomatic immunity did not apply because the East German rents the building to embassy personnel as a commercial activity.  
He then required county officials to establish how much property tax is owed for 1977, the first tax year that East Germany owned the building.  
Yesterday, according to David Lasso, an assistant county attorney, Judge Bryman ruled that East Germany owed \$24,000 in property taxes, plus a \$2,400 delinquency penalty and \$2,100 in interest on the delinquent taxes.  
The judge said he would order the East German government to pay the sums, and would specify that the county has a lien on the property until they are paid.  
There was no comment from East German Embassy officials but there were indications that there would be an appeal.

**FRANCE**  
**UNIVERSITE DE PARIS SORBONNE**  
Cours de Civilisation Française  
Département Expérimental  
d'Etude de la Civilisation Française

**GRADUATE COURSES**  
• UNIVERSITY COURSES:  
Yearly: Mid-October to mid-June.  
By Semester: Mid-October to mid-February or mid-February to mid-June.  
• "MAGISTÈRE de Langues et de Civilisation Françaises."  
Option pédagogique, all nationalities. Equivalent to M.A. credit U.S.A. (under certain conditions) beginning September to mid-August (1 year).  
• Serious Summer Session for Foreign Teachers and Students. Beginning July to mid-August. Special courses for Graduates. American College credits.  
• Courses for teachers of French Language and Civilization (set up upon request).  
• Specialized training courses in all fields (set up upon request).

**UNDERGRADUATE COURSES**  
French baccalaureate level required.  
French Language and Civilization courses.  
Practical Courses: 6 hours (evening courses), 12 or 25 hours per week. Limited number of inscriptions.  
• Winter Semester: Mid-October to mid-February.  
• Spring Semester: Mid-February to mid-June.  
• Summer Courses: 4 weeks, 6 weeks and 8 weeks, July-August.  
• Special Summer Session: Beginning July to beginning October.  
• Accelerated Sessions: Beginning September to mid-October.  
• Intensive Session: Intensive cultural and linguistic study during the month of January.

Same courses, teaching and diplomas, given at the Université de Reims (C.I.R.)  
COURS DE CIVILISATION FRANÇAISE, 47 Rue des Ecoles, Paris-5e. Tel.: 329.12.13, ext. 38-58.

**FRANCE**  
**PARLEZ... FRANÇAIS**  
ANGLAIS - ESPAGNOL  
RUSSE - ARABE...  
**LOGOS international**  
• 4, Villa Osmose 75018 PARIS  
255.09.05 - 255.06.35.  
• C.I.T. MONTPARNASSE  
3, rue de l'Arrière 75015 PARIS.  
338.78.00+.

**REALISTICALLY**  
Learn French, French cooking and wine in a comfortable French home in rural Burgundy. Small groups, adults only.  
For information: "YETABO,"  
P.O. Box 91400 Paris-La Defense, France.

**FRANCE**  
"To Promote French-English Bilingualism"  
Join the  
**INTERNATIONAL UNION OF STUDENTS**  
(A non-profit organization registered in France in 1971)  
Non-political, non-religious, non-sectarian  
No age limit for membership - non-students accepted.

- LANGUAGE TUTORING: groups or private classroom or at home (exclusive intensive audio-visual electronic method).  
• English classes held year-round in the United Kingdom.  
• French classes held year-round in France.
- SCHOLARSHIPS & TUITIONS: Funds still available for 1978-1979.  
• Advisory services: School & University enrollments in U.S.A.  
• Au Pair Guidance services for USA, UK, France.  
• Other Social, Cultural, Sporting activities: held year-round.
- TRAVEL: Special counselling on cut-rate prices for related activities.

**I.U.S.**  
15 Rue de Valenciennes, 75005 Paris - France  
Tel. (2-4 p.m. only) 01.42.42.42/42.42.51 Telex: 60715F.

**INSTITUT INTERNATIONAL PRIVE CHATEAUBRIAND**  
06400 CANNES - FRANCE  
(Anglo-American School)  
Co-educational School for Boarders or Day-students (grades 1 through 12), American College Board (SAT/ACT). Test Center N°731-093; University of London GCE Test Centre N° 81700.  
For details, contact:  
The Headmaster  
INSTITUT INTERNATIONAL PRIVE CHATEAUBRIAND  
26, Route de Valbonne, 06250 MOUGINS, France.  
Tel.: (93) 90.02.45 or (93) 68.31.43.

**AUSTRIA**  
**SEA PINES ABROAD**  
A-5384 Falschnau bei Salzburg  
AUSTRIA  
An American preparatory school nestled high in the Alps. Grades 9 thru 12 plus PG. Co-educational. Boarding. High academic standards. Skiing. Supervised travel.  
SUMMER CAMP: WRITE FOR CATALOG

**GLORIA FELIX SCHOOL**  
INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL  
Campuses located in Austria's unique resort places:  
• Southern lake district in Carinthia: MARIA RAIN-ELLAGENWörth  
• Shiny high in the Alps: LECH-ARBERG.  
• Co-ed boarding 4th-12th grade, enrollment limited to 40.  
• Excellent formal study program, latest USA curriculum.  
• Standard achievement tests, college prep courses.  
• Small teacher-student ratio. All summer and winter sports.  
• July/August. Intensive German and English courses, Sports and Cultural Trips, Handicrafts.

**SALZBURG INTERNATIONAL PREPARATORY SCHOOL**  
A co-educational American boarding school in Europe's most beautiful city. Grades 9-12 & PG. High academic standards. Extensive travel, skiing and cultural programs.  
For catalog write: S.I.P.S., Moosstrasse 106, A-5020 Salzburg, Austria.

a fully accredited college of arts and sciences  
**AMERICAN COLLEGE IN PARIS**  
31 avenue Bosquet, 75007 Paris. Tel. 551.21.57, 705.30.66

**MARYMOUNT SCHOOL**  
72 Bd. de la Saussure - 92200 Neuilly. Tel.: 624.10.51 - 722.04.35.  
• Provides quality education for boys and girls between the ages of four and thirteen.  
• Multi-aged grouping - French language/Humanities program.  
• Wide variety of after-school activities.

**ECOLE DU MONTCEL**  
Founded in 1923  
JOUY-en-Josas (15 Km. from Paris)  
Private boarding and day-school for boys, located in a magnificent setting and large park. French curriculum (Grades 1 to 12). All sports, cultural activities. Welcomes boys wishing to spend 6 months to a year in France.  
For information and documentation:  
Ecole du Montcel, 78350 Jouy-en-Josas, France  
Tel. 956.40.30 - 956.45.64.

**GREAT BRITAIN**  
**STUDY IN LONDON**  
University or High School  
**INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY - EUROPE**  
Distinguished faculty... American Curriculum  
Special weekend Master's Degree program in business offered by I.U.E. HIGH SCHOOL on same premises offers full program for students of all ability levels (Grades 7-12).  
Complete facilities on beautiful, long-established, 95-acre countryside campus in N. London, convenient to all transportation.  
(I.U.E. is associated with United States International University, San Diego, Calif.; Also campuses in Mexico City and Nairobi)  
Call or write for information or enrollment now:  
**INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY - EUROPE**  
The Avenue, Rushley, Watford, Herts. WD2 2LN, England.  
Telephone: Watford (Std. code 0923) 23928.

**THE INTERNATIONAL EUROPEAN SCHOOL OF PARIS**  
FRENCH PRIVATE EDUCATIONAL ESTABLISHMENT  
APPROVED BY THE INTERNATIONAL BACCALAUREATE OFFICE  
Provides:  
• A BILINGUAL EDUCATION (French/Anglo-American - French/German) from kindergarten to Baccalaureat (French series A.B.C.D. or INTERNATIONAL).  
• Various ATTENDANCE FACILITIES: Day school, half or FULL BOARD. Boarders are admitted all year round including holidays.  
• PEACE AND FRESH AIR thanks to an EXCEPTIONAL SITE, 20 kms south of Paris on the edge of the Forest of Senart.  
For any further information, write or call:  
La Fondation Scolaire et Culturelle,  
8, Rue du General Clergerie, 75116 PARIS  
903.70.03 - 903.72.46 - 727.96.92.

**INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL OF PARIS**  
(formerly Pershing Hall School)  
Provides an Elementary/Junior High program for English speaking children.  
Our program includes:  
• Pre-K (4-year-old) through Eighth Grade.  
• Newly-formulated program of intensive English language instruction, easing the transition into regular academic program.  
• French Language/Humanities Program.  
• Wide variety of after-school sports and activities.  
Applications now being accepted for Fall, 1978.  
For further information, write or telephone to:  
96 bis Rue du Roule, 75016 Paris. Tel.: 224.43.40 or 224.43.41.

**SWEDEN**  
**INTERNATIONAL SWEDISH UNIVERSITY**  
Spring Semester Jan. - May  
A term of studies in the university town of Lund in southern Sweden. A variety of special courses is offered in social studies, political science, economic history, architecture and urban planning, art, literature, and Swedish language. Courses are taught in English by professors from the University of Lund.  
For information write:  
ISU, Skomackargatan 8, S-223 50 Lund, SWEDEN.

**Freshman Programme at Ithaca College, London Autumn, 1979.**  
Ithaca College is pleased to announce the inception of its Freshman Programme, designed especially for students who wish to begin their American university education without leaving home.  
The programme offers:  
• A critical approach to scholarship and a broadening of academic skills.  
• Personal attention to students and small classes which take advantage of London's resources.  
After the Freshman year students are welcome to continue their education at Ithaca College in New York, or apply to other American universities.  
For further information, contact:  
Cynthia Park, Director of the Freshman Programme,  
Ithaca College, London Centre,  
35 Harrington Gardens, London, S.W.7, (01) 579-1166/7.

**SECRETARIAL COURSES**  
English-French  
Gregg shorthand, typing (English & American keyboards).  
Preparation for the Paris Chamber of Commerce Examinations.  
We also teach French, German and Spanish at C.O.B.R.I.L.  
11 RUE CAUMARTIN, 75009 PARIS. TEL. 972.64.14 & 80.12.

**A Dynamic Method to SPEAK FRENCH IN 3 WEEKS!**  
Two intensive sessions 4 or 6 hours daily, and many other programs in small groups, including refresher, evening and special Saturday courses.  
This highly successful audio-visual method will enable you to start speaking French after the first few lessons. Then you will progressively learn writing and reading. Specific programs for companies to meet professional needs.  
Information and registration: **CENTRE DANN**  
(Centre Privé d'Enseignement et de Diffusion du Français pour les Etrangers),  
14, rue Michel le Comte, 75003 Paris. Tel. 271-99-98.  
(NEAR POMPIDOU CENTER - METRO: RAMPUTEAU).

**SPAIN**  
**KING'S COLLEGE English School in Spain**  
Madrid and Palma de Mallorca.  
Boarders and day pupils. Boys and girls from 3 years to University entrance.  
Preparation for the G.C.E. to "O" and "A" level, and for the International Baccalaureate.  
Information: KING'S COLLEGE, Avda. de Stryck, 1, Madrid, 16.  
Tel. 458.1580 - 259.2767.

**RICHMOND COLLEGE LONDON**  
Founded 1843. A constituent college of London University until 1972.  
Now a private co-educational Liberal Arts College with a U.S. curriculum.  
• Splendid residential campus in Richmond, about 30 minutes from central London.  
• Wide range of courses in Humanities, Social and Natural Sciences, Languages, Performing Arts and Business Studies.  
• A.A. degree and U.S. transfer credit.  
• 330 students in residence.  
• Highly qualified Anglo-American faculty.  
Write or telephone:  
Director of Admissions (Dept. 10)  
Richmond College,  
37 Queen's Gate, London SW7 5HR, England.  
Tel.: 01-884 6567  
Telex: 25557

**COUDRET PROFESSEURS**  
14 Rue Sainte-Anne Paris 1er Tel.: 296-01-30  
**FRENCH LANGUAGE WAY OF LIFE**  
THROUGH  
**OSMOSIS COURSES**

**GO ALL THE WAY**  
**COME TO FRANCE AND DISCOVER "The Total Approach" to French at the INSTITUT DE FRANCAIS on the French Riviera**  
Next 4-week older immersion course starts Sept. 22, Oct. 23, and all year. All ages. For beginners, intermediate or advanced. Learning and 2 weeks included.  
INSTITUT DE FRANCAIS - 19 - 25 Ave. General-Ledoux, 06230 Villefranche-sur-Mer. Tel.: (93) 80.86.61.

**THE ENGLISH MONTESSORI SCHOOL**  
• English Education from 1 year old. • Valid for transfer into Spanish, English and American Systems. • Progressive & Individual Education. • Constant evolution of Child's program by school psychologists.  
Avda. Alfonso XIII, 40, Madrid-2.  
Tel.: 415 24 09 & 415 84 58.

**GRADUATE DEGREE**  
The Overseas Division of George Peabody College announces a program of studies leading to a masters Degree, Educational Specialist Degree, Educational Specialist Degree, and Educational Doctorate Degree in Human Development Counseling.  
Courses are open to those with a United States Baccalaureate Degree or its equivalent from any other country. Classes are held weekly at the American School in London, St. Johns Wood, from 6-10 p.m., each Wednesday night. The present class is Education 299, "Human Effectiveness Training" taught by Dr. R. Percy, Director of the Peabody Overseas Program.  
For more information on this outstanding program, please contact:  
Beth Robbins, "Seamstress Lodge," 10, Park Ave.,  
Harrow-on-the-Hill, Middx. HA6 7BB.  
Or Dr. R. Percy, Box 718, L.A.F. Upper Heyford, Oxon. OX5 2BN

**LAETITIA INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL**  
All languages at all levels: ENGLISH, GERMAN, ARABIC, FRENCH, ITALIAN, etc.  
PRIVATE LESSONS or INTENSIVE and SEMI-INTENSIVE COURSES, IN SMALL GROUPS at the SCHOOL, or in YOUR COMPANY.  
1 Courfleur de l'Odéon, 75006 Paris  
Tel.: 633.37.85 633.99.48.

**LEARN FRENCH ON THE FRENCH RIVIERA - Near NICE and MONACO**  
All levels. All ages. Small classes. Excursions. Boarding and Day School for Adults. Open all year round. A non-profit institute recognized by the French Ministry of Education. 4 or 3-week courses begin Oct. 2, Oct. 30, Nov. 27. 12-week intensive course begins Oct. 2, 1978.  
English brochure: **CENTRE MEDITERRANEE D'ETUDES FRANCAISES**  
06230 Cap d'Ail (France). Phones: (93) 06.81.34.

**AMERICAN SCHOOL of Mallorca**  
Coed day 5-12 and boarding 7-12. Small classes, expert teachers. Individualized instruction yield excellent educational results. College entrance preparation, industrial arts and mechanical courses, SAT and ACT Test Center, computer-aided studies, tennis and learning disability program. Scholarships available to worthy students.  
Tel.: 07.58.50 - 67.58.51. Cable: AMSKOOL. Telex: 68667.  
Address: American School, Calle Oratorio Portals Nou, Mallorca.

**AMERICAN SCHOOL of LAS PALMAS**  
Coed day 5-12 and boarding 7-12. SAT & ACT Testing Center. English with Spanish, French and German available. Boarding facilities.  
Apply: Director of Admissions American School of Las Palmas  
Calle de la Paz, 15 Oficina de Correos Yonig Alto,  
Las Palmas de Gran Canaria, Canary Islands, Spain.

**GIVE US TWO WEEKS. WE'LL GIVE YOU A NEW LANGUAGE.**  
At Berlitz, our exclusive Total Immersion program puts you in command of a new language in just two to six weeks. Because your instructor lets you speak only the language you're learning all day long. Even during lunch. Once overseas, you can further your training. Call today for an appointment. You'll be speaking a new language faster than you ever thought possible.  
**100 BERLITZ years**  
Since 1878  
Paris-Opéra, tél. 742 13 33. Tél. 220 661 - Cannes, tél. 30 26 86 - Nice, tél. 85 59 35  
Translation services and private programs for any language are available on request.  
15 locations in France.  
"Berlitz" and "Total Immersion" are registered service marks of the Société Internationale des Ecoles Berlitz.

**IF YOU REALLY NEED FRENCH**  
WE HAVE - Excellent teachers, well prepared courses, a friendly atmosphere, modern premises in residential area, accommodation in GOOD families, hotels, studios or flats, plus the unique environment of the "COTE D'AZUR VARIATION".  
Write, telephone (we speak English) or just call in to see us, we are always at your disposal.  
**E.L.F.C.A.**  
Ecole privée de langue française de la Côte d'Azur,  
11 bd. Matisse, F-06400 HYÈRES. Tel.: (94) 05.03.31.

**COLLEGE CEVENOL**  
International French Secondary School  
80 miles Southwest of Lyons - Altitude 3,200 feet.  
INTERNATIONAL WORK CAMP: July, 1979  
for young people 16 and over, of all nations, races and creeds. Work, sports, discussions, excursions in the area and to Avignon.  
INTERNATIONAL SUMMER SCHOOLS: July - August, 1979  
Review courses French curriculum 7th thru 11th.  
Intensive French language courses for foreigners:  
• Indispensable French speaking in France:  
- Vocabulary, learn a year's French in 1 month!  
• French writing, discussions, teachers, atmosphere.  
• Extra-curricular activities: art, music, dancing, sports.  
SCHOOL YEAR 1978-1979 begins September 15, 1978.  
For over 30 years Cevenol has welcomed students from outside France, wishing to live and work in a French boarding school.  
• French curriculum 4th thru Terminale;  
• Special French courses for lycéens;  
• U.S. high school credit obtainable;  
• College board examinations given on request;  
• Excellent about 500, over 90% French-speaking.  
FOR INFORMATION and registration, write or call:  
Mr. Roger Hollard, Directeur, Collège Cevenol,  
43400 LE CRABONNAY-LIGNON. Tel.: (71) 89.72.52.

**TASIS England**  
TASIS ENGLAND is a London Area, coeducational, American School for boarding and day students, grades 7-12. Twenty-acre campus; highest college preparatory academic standards; extensive electives, sports, and travel. Transportation from central London available. For catalog, contact: Admissions, TASIS England, Thorpe, Surrey. Tel. Chertsey (05328) 64844.

**HOLLAND**  
**INTERNATIONAL SCHOOLS BEVERWEERD/VILSTEREN**  
**Beverweerd**  
International Baccalaureat.  
Co-ed boarding school. Grades 7-12. Strong college prep. Intern. milieu for American children. Small classes, creative electives. Founded in 1934 by the Society of Friends. Castle Beverweerd - Werkhoven. 2765 - The Netherlands.  
Phone: 03437-341.  
**Vilsteren**  
Co-ed boarding school for 6-12 year old children. Elementary education - American system. Small classes. Family atmosphere. Many possibilities for creative activities and sports. Huize Vilsteren, Vilsteren near Ommen (Ov.) The Netherlands.  
Phone: 05291-8283.

**ST GODRIC'S SECRETARIAL AND LANGUAGE COLLEGE**  
Resident and Day Students.  
2 ARKWRIGHT ROAD, LONDON, NW3 6AD.  
TEL.: 01-435 9831.  
**The next SPECIAL EDUCATION DIRECTORY will be published on December 9**

JPV/cio/150

# EDUCATION DIRECTORY

## SWITZERLAND

## COLLEGE ALPIN INTERNATIONAL BEAU SOLEIL

VILLARS-SUR-OLLON, Switzerland

French Baccalaureate classes - Grades 7-12 in Anglo-American section - College Preparatory - accelerated language courses - closely supervised studies in small classes - detailed school reports sent regularly to parents - situated at 1,300 meters in a beautiful alpine resort near Lausanne & Geneva - off summer and winter sports - exceptional skiing facilities - independent hotel for senior girls.

For full documentation write to:  
COLLEGE ALPIN INTERNATIONAL BEAU SOLEIL,  
VILLARS-SUR-OLLON (SWITZERLAND).  
Tel.: 025/21 54. Telex: 26553.

## THE AMERICAN SCHOOL IN SWITZERLAND

Highest American academic standards. Co-ed, boarding and day. Grades 7-12 and year of post graduate study in Europe. College testing and guidance. AP courses. Faculty-student ratio: 1:8. Same time a many talented, complete program of education (commercial school, household, arts and crafts) and many sports in the best climate will make your daughter's stay more pleasant and rewarding and will open new horizons.

Write: Director of Admissions-TASIS, Ed. 20  
CH-6926 Montagnola, Tel: Lugano (091) 546471

## TIRED OF SCHOOL BUT STILL WITHOUT A GOAL OR PROFESSION?

Then trust us and our long experience and offer your daughter a year of transition and growth in a stimulating atmosphere of about 45 girls between 15 to 20 years of age.

What we are concerned with is broadening the interest and developing self-confidence which encourages new ambitions and enthusiasm for studying. Our students study French, English and German and most importantly they achieve the recognized state diploma (Attitude Française for French, Certificate for English and German). In the same time a many talented, complete program of education (commercial school, household, arts and crafts) and many sports in the best climate will make your daughter's stay more pleasant and rewarding and will open new horizons.

### INSTITUTE SUNNY DALE

Irene GAUGLER, Owner and Director, Best references.  
CH-6912 Interlaken, Switzerland. Tel: (034) 22 17 18.

**Franklin College  
Switzerland**  
6900 Lugano Tel. 091 22 85 95  
Switzerland's only accredited  
independent American College  
The International Imperative  
in Education

## FOUNDATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL OF GENEVA

**LA GRANDE BOISSIERE**  
42 Route de Chêne  
1208 Geneva  
Tel: 022/36 71 30

**LA CHATAIGNERAIE**  
1297 Founex (Vaud)  
Switzerland  
Tel: 022/76 17 76

**ENGLISH LANGUAGE PROGRAMME**  
• International Baccalaureate • American College Boards  
• GCE "O" Levels

**FRENCH LANGUAGE PROGRAMME**  
• Baccalaureate International • Maturité suisse • Baccalaureat français

Boarding Grades 7-13 - University Guidance  
Accreditation Middle States Association

## PRIVATE SCHOOLS IN SWITZERLAND

For all information, please apply to our Educational  
Adviser: Mr. Paul A. Mayor.  
SCHOLASTIC SERVICE "TRANSWORLDIA" - GENEVA  
2 Rue du Vicaire-Savoyard. Phone: 44 15 65.

## Leysin American School

since 1961

Full term starts  
September 4, 1978.

Above Lake Geneva

University prep. studies,  
9-12. Co-ed, boarding,  
small classes. Excellent  
Univ. acceptances.  
Eligible students earn  
college credits at adjacent  
American College.  
Curriculum-related tours,  
sports, skiing. Write: 1854 (R)  
Leysin, Switzerland.

LAS

## American College of Switzerland

1854 (R) Leysin, Switzerland

Full term starts  
September 18, 1978.Alpine Campus  
Above Lake GenevaB.A.B.S. and A.A. programs  
with degrees conferred  
under US authority. Europe-  
wide field research, study  
tours. Skiing at doorstep.  
Co-ed, boarding. 40-nation  
student body.  
Where the nations meet

ACS

## CADEL

Super intensive

FRENCH

3 weeks, 130 lessons

4 levels each month

or private lessons,

9 or 14 days.

3 weeks intensive

seminar

at Montane-Crans,  
October 7-28.CADEL, 136 Ch. de la Montagne  
CH-1224 GENEVA  
(Switzerland)  
Tel.: 022/48 95 24 or 48 44 45.

## PARENTS!

Are YOU looking for the right  
school for YOUR child?

For free information, please contact:

FEDERATION SUISSE  
DES ECOLES PRIVEES40 Rue des Volandes, 1207 Geneva.  
Telephone: 022/25 57 06.The specialized school for  
GERMAN in Switzerland  
Half-day school for adults (from  
18). Super-intensive courses for  
businessmen. Special holiday  
courses for boys and girls (12-20  
years). Tel: 01/24 49 35  
an Central (Sollthalen) 8025 Zurich

oekos

## SWITZERLAND

## EDINBURGH SCHOOL OF ENGLISH STUDIES

LANGUAGE STUDIES

GENERAL STUDIES

FRENCH

G.C.E.R.S.A.

ENGLISH

BUSINESS STUDIES

L.C.C. - R.S.A.



7, R. Hugo-de-Senger - 1205 GENEVE - Tel.: (022) 20 75 88

## Cours International de Formation supérieure à la Communication et aux Relations Publiques

International Course on Communication  
and Public RelationsFirst international course on communication sciences  
and public relations techniques.  
Opened to students with bachelor's degree or equivalent level.  
Beginning of course October 30, 1978.  
Courses are given in French with intensive impact on English.The course will be given in the building of the Centre de Formation des  
Cours Commerciales de Genève, 19, place des Augustins CH-1205 Geneva,  
where further information can be obtained (or telephone: 022/36 94 89).

## VILLAGE CAMP SWITZERLAND

7th ANNUAL CHRISTMAS SKI CAMP  
in SAAS FEE - SWITZERLANDBoys & Girls 8-16  
December 27 - January 6. Also February 18 to 24.  
All day skiing, lessons, skating, swimming  
& competitions and our unique evening program.

Brochure: Village Camps, 1296a COPPEL (Switzerland) T: 022 76.20.59.



## COLLEGE DU LÉMAN

INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL - VERSOIX (GENÈVE)

INTERNATIONAL PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOL

• 300 Boarding Students, 400 Day Students.  
• Modern Facilities in VERSOIX (Switzerland).  
• English Language Program preparing for American University entrance and  
British G.C.E.  
• Strong emphasis on Advanced Placement Program.  
• French Language Program prepares for French Baccalaureate and Swiss  
Maturité.For information: College du Léman International School,  
CH-1290 Versoix/Geneva, Switzerland.  
Tel: 022/55.25.55 Telex CH 28145.

## Study in Switzerland

In one of the most renowned  
schools of the CountryAsk for detailed  
documentation

• Intensive french courses,  
all levels.  
• Commercial diploma.  
• Secretary diploma.  
• Commercial baccalaureate.

Ecole Lémania

3, chemin de Prévile

CH-1003 Lausanne

Tel: 021/20 15 01

## INSTITUT MONTANA ZUGERBERG

International boys' boarding school with rigorous U.S. college preparatory  
program for Americans. Grades 5-12 (separate sections for French, German  
and Italian-speaking students). Through studies of modern languages.  
Highly qualified American faculty. Affiliated Member National Association  
of Independent Schools. College boards. Located at 3,000 feet above  
sea level, in central Switzerland, 45 minutes from Zurich and Lucerne.  
All sports, excellent ski facilities. Travel Workshop during spring vacation.  
Language Program in July and August.Write: Dean of the American School, Institut Montana  
6216 Zugerberg, Switzerland.

## LAKE OF GENEVA

Intensive French Courses  
Special Day-School. All Ages. All  
Grades. Certificates from Paris.  
Holiday Courses. Program of  
Alliance Française. Audio-visual  
Method. Ask for Prospectus.INSTITUT RICHELIEU  
7, Clos-de-Belle, CH-1004 Lausanne.

## GERMANY

Learn German in Germany  
8-week intensive courses. Next course  
October 26 and January 2. All levels.  
Expert teachers-modern methods.  
Official diploma.Goethe-Institut  
Knechtsteden, 38, 1000 Berlin 15.  
Tel: 030 856645.

## ITALY

## The American University

WASHINGTON D.C. 20004

Begin your fully accredited  
college education at the  
American University, RomeAdmission to the TAU/AUR program in Rome constitutes full admission to  
THE AMERICAN UNIVERSITY, Washington, D.C.Write: THE AMERICAN UNIVERSITY  
c/o AMERICAN UNIVERSITY OF ROME  
21, Via Della Mercade  
00187 Rome, Italy - Tel. 6782625Undergraduate offerings in English, history, art, mathematics, business,  
sociology, economics, political science. All classes taught in English.THE AMERICAN UNIVERSITY, Washington, D.C. • Accredited by the Middle  
States Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools • 12,000 stu-  
dents and over 400 faculty • Located on 74 acre campus with residence  
halls housing 2,500 students • Financial Aid available to qualified stu-  
dents.

## Notre Dame International School-Rome

American college preparatory and elementary school  
for boys, grades 4-12, resident and day. 25th successful  
year: 99% of graduates accepted at major American  
colleges. Advanced Placement programs and prepara-  
tion available to qualified students. Versatile and inter-  
national curriculum. Classroom-field trip art and  
history classes. Resident guidance counselor. Accredited  
by Middle States Association.25th year of service to international education.  
Dept. II, 788 Via Aurelia, 00185 Rome, Italy.  
Phone: 528.851, 528.871.

## JOHN CABOT INTERNATIONAL COLLEGE

Non-profit corporation registered in Washington, D.C.  
Authorized Italian Ministry of Education, (M.U. 31/12 5/8/76)

Offers courses starting: September, January, April, Inc

LIBERAL ARTS: Associate of arts degree (A.A.)

BUSINESS MANAGEMENT - Bachelor of Business Administration (B.B.A.)

Affiliations: International University of Rome, Hiram College, Ohio  
(Founded 1850)

Accreditation: Credits fully transferable U.S.A. - Canada

Members: American Assembly Collegiate of Business  
Association International Colleges and Universities  
European Council of Independent Schools  
Near East South Asia Council Overseas Schools

JCIC (Box H) VIA MASSAVA 6, ROME, TEL: 83 95519.

## MARYMOUNT INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL

Marymount is an independent international school for girls but accepting boys  
up to Grade 3. It offers an American elementary and secondary curriculum  
designed to meet the requirements of American universities. The school  
was founded in 1946 by the Religious of the Sacred Heart of Mary for the  
education of English-speaking students in the Mediterranean area, Europe, Africa  
and the Middle East.Admissions: Elementary: Sr. Doris Russell, 327-3349.  
High School: Sr. Michaela O'Dwyer, 520-671.  
Via di Villa Lucchi, 180 Roma 00191.

## AMERICAN ACADEMY OF FLORENCE

A school with a superior program.  
Nursery through 12 grade, individual attention.  
Accepting registration for September, 1978.For information, write or call: Director of Admission,  
Via Di Vacciano, 32, 50126 Florence 34. Tel.: 055/640016.

## THE BRITISH INSTITUTE OF FLORENCE

Palazzo Lottredini, Lungarno Guicciardini 9, FLORENCE, Tel.: 28401/22.

PROGRAMME FOR 1978/79

Learn Italian quickly and well at the British Institute of Florence.

LANGUAGE COURSES:

1978 Oct. 3 - Dec. 22: 22 - Dec. 1: Oct. 3 - Jan. 9: March 30: Jan. 9 - March 9: Jan. 9 -  
Nov. 10: Oct. 3 - Oct. 27: Nov. 7 - Dec. 1 Feb. 16: Jan. 9 - Feb. 2: Jan. 30 - Feb. 22New Intensive Language Course, 20 hours tuition a week:  
October 3 - October 27, 1978.

THE AMERICAN SCHOOL OF FLORENCE

Only American school in Florence. Nursery through 12th grade. College  
preparatory. Small classes. Highly qualified staff. English as a second  
language. Tel. 055-228145.

La Torre di Bolognaro, Via Rati Michelozzi 2, 50124 Florence.

## Parents, prepare your children for the Europe of tomorrow. Send them to THE INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL OF MILAN

With American Section.  
From Kindergarten through College Entrance.  
London University C.C.E. Exam Centre No 94515.  
Transportation facilities (Milan area) lunch; Sports.Write for prospectus to:  
Milano Via Bezzola, 6 Ph. 4524749

Headmaster: A. Ara M.A.

## THE AMERICAN SCHOOL OF MILAN

Villaggio Mirasole  
Novaresco di Opera  
20090 Milano  
Tel. 52.41.546/7/8/9Nursery through High School - New facilities - Small classes -  
Gymnasium - Science Laboratories - Private bus service - All  
subjects taught in English.

## ST. JOHN'S ENGLISH-SPEAKING SCHOOL

BRUSSELS

International, Ecumenical, co-ed, day and resident  
school, kindergarten through 12th grade. American Ac-  
ademic Program including Advanced Placement cour-  
ses. Second language: extensive European student travel, strong athletic  
and extracurricular programs. Bus service covering general Brussels area.FULLY ACCREDITED BY THE MIDDLE STATES ASSOCIATION  
OF COLLEGES AND SECONDARY SCHOOLSNEW! Attractive Boarding facilities for High  
School students commencing September 1978.ST. JOHN'S SCHOOL  
Dreuve Richelle 146,1410 Waterloo, Belgium.  
Telephone: (02) 354.11.38/39.

## BELGIUM

## Boston University Brussels

Evening MBA Program

This September will be the next opportunity to enroll in our Master of Business  
Administration degree Program. It is the only accredited MBA Program in  
Europe, taught in English by U.S. Faculty.Applications also accepted from non-degree students for course offerings in  
Accounting, Financial Management, Quantitative Methods, Organizational  
Behavior, Management Policy, International Economics, International Man-  
agement and Investments.All classes meet 6:30-9:30 p.m. Now accepting applications for classes  
beginning September 11, 1978.Contact: Registrar  
BOSTON UNIVERSITY - BRUSSELS  
Avenue Roger Vandendriessche 3, 1150 BRUSSELS.  
Tel.: 02/7623257.

## EUROPE

## SCHILLER COLLEGE

Heidelberg London Paris Strasbourg Madrid

Write: Schiller College, Admissions  
69 Heidelberg, Friedrich-Ebert-Anlage 4, Germany

## École Internationale d'Hôtesses TUNON

Private School Founded in 1964

Reception - Public Relations - Tourism - Trade Fairs and Conventions  
- Firms - Transportation Companies - Hotels - International  
Organizations.

• One or two year full-time courses according to the level of students

• TRAINING COURSES DURING THE SCHOOL YEAR

• HELP IN JOB PLACEMENT.

Information and documentation:  
BRUSSELS - 1050 - 27, rue P.E. Jonson - (2) 537.67.20  
GENEVA - 1201 - 2, Rue Vallée - (22) 32.83.20  
The HAGUE - Scheepmaker 17 - (070) 44.94.82  
LONDON SW1 - 1, Whitehall Place - (01) 839.26.88  
MADRID - Avenida Menéndez Pelayo 83 - (1) 433.80.48  
MONTE CARLO INC - 3, rue Louis Auzan - (92) 50.68.81  
PARIS 75008 - 51, rue de Ponthieu - (1) 359.45.18.

## U. S. A.

## GODDARD GRADUATE PROGRAM IN EUROPE

Interested in our fully-accredited,  
non-residential M.A.? Design your  
own program, including theoretical  
and experiential studies. Individual  
counseling. Bi-annual colloquia.  
Equal opportunity admissions.Write to:  
Goddard Graduate  
Program in Europe  
Box H  
Middletown, Vermont 05667, U.S.A.

U. S. A.

## U. S. A.

## DALCROZE SCHOOL OF MUSIC

Combining the best features of  
European and American Music  
Education

• A NEW CAREER IN MUSIC

• SPECIAL COURSES FOR MUSIC TEACH  
ERS• NEW INSPIRATION AND A VITAL AP  
PROACH TO ALL TEACHING• A PERSONAL PERSONAL EXPERIENCE  
IN LEARNING

• DAY, EVENING AND SUMMER CLASSES

The only authorized Dalcroze Teacher  
Training School in the AmericasDR. HELENA M. SCHUSTER,  
DIRECTOR

161 East 73 St., N.Y. 10021. TR 9-0216.

## U. S. A.

## FAY SCHOOL

Southborough, Massachusetts 01772

Telephone (617) 485-0100

Invest in your child's future by investing in education.

Coeducational boarding ... Grades 6-9

Boys' boarding ... Grades 3-9

Coeducational day ... Grades 1-9

Small classes, concerned faculty, advisory system, accelerated  
sections, remedial help for students entering with weak skills.  
Reading program. Active, competitive sports program. English as a  
second language. Family-style dormitories.Fay school does not discriminate on the basis of race in admis-  
sions or employment practices. For a catalog and application forms,  
please contact John I. Lathrop, Director of Admissions.coed • college prep • grades 7 - 12, PG;  
40 bds./170 day; 60-acre campus, close  
to N.Y. Phila.; accredited; founded 1742;  
good record college placement; challeng-  
ing academic program; supportive atmos-  
phere • ESL program • tutoring • music  
sports • arts • all faiths and nationalities

## MORAVIAN ACADEMY

4313 Green Pond Rd. Bethlehem, Pa 18017  
215/691-1600Basic Skills ...  
Noncompetitive Atmosphere  
A structured program for boys  
who need to recover lost ground.  
Small classes. Understanding fac-  
ulty. Assistance for academics.  
College guidance. Sports. Pool.  
Skiing. Foreign Students. College  
town. Ages 11-19. Enroll anytime.David W. Milne, Hdm.  
12 Gale Road,  
Williamstown, MA 01267  
413-458-8136

## COLLEGE DEGREES BY MAIL

Bachelors, masters, doctorates.  
Legal, inexpensive, fast.Free details. Dr. John Bear,  
2150 Franklin Street, Dept. 62034  
Oakland, California 94612.

## STUDY IN THE U.S.A.

College-University-Technical.  
Receive up-to-date information:  
• Private and public school costs and living  
expenses • U.S. and international educational  
levels • Application, enrollment and visa procedures.  
• Evaluation and referral program.  
Send US \$50 International Money Order to  
International Center of Educational Exchange,  
P.O. Box 342074, Miami, Florida 33134 USA.

## ALTERNATIVE COUNTRY BOARDING SCHOOL

Accepting ages 6-17

A different approach to traditional boarding  
school education. Learning because in nature.  
Students choose from a curriculum of academics  
and college preparatory as well as crafts, art,  
music, video, drama, organic gardening, animal  
petting, photography & sports. A warm home-  
like environment in which living is an integral  
part. Emphasis on freedom, responsibility & stu-  
dent government.Open classroom & warm home atmosphere for  
the lonely school child. Optional weekend accompa-  
ny to NYC (2 hrs).Coed • Interracial  
Summer ProgramBob McCormick, Director,  
OPEN COMMUNITY SCHOOL  
Box 399-4, Channahon, ILL. 61515.  
Tel: (815) 851-3311.

## Calvert School

Baltimore, Maryland

Complete home-study course for elementary-  
level students. An American educa-  
tional curriculum in the world. Ideal for  
enrichment. Home is the classroom.  
You are the teacher with Calvert's ex-  
pensive step-by-step instructions. Start  
any time, transfer to other schools.  
Used by over 300,000 students. Non-  
profit. Write for catalog. Admits stu-  
dents of any race, color, nationality or  
ethnic origin.Calvert School  
Established  
1897  
Box 195-B, Tanawana Rd., Baltimore,  
Md. 21216.Parents Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
City: \_\_\_\_\_ State: \_\_\_\_\_ Zip: \_\_\_\_\_  
Country: \_\_\_\_\_ Child's Age: \_\_\_\_\_ gr.



## Art in New York

'Art on the Beach'  
In Battery Park

By Alexandra Anderson and B.J. Archer

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (IHT) — At times it is Fritz Lang's "Metropolis." At times Dickens' London. Always the centerpiece of Manhattan's architectural drama, the financial district, at the tip of the island, by day teems with a population equal to that of America's largest cities. At night, eerie and deserted except for the tireless whirring of computers, the Wall Street area has fascinated artists since Fernand Léger wrote his poem to this center of money and power when he walked its midnight streets in the thirties. A minuscule few, such as painter Jack Youngerman, have for years had lofts there, in aging factory buildings hidden among the thicket of financial towers. But until recently, the daylight population has occupied a cultural no-man's-land. Now all this is rapidly changing.

This year, no less than 15 office buildings in the financial district are being developed for luxury housing. The former headquarters of W.R. Grace & Co. at 3 Hanover Square has been turned into 122 apartments. And 150 Front Street is slated for conversion into 50 apartments, while the old Army Recruiting Center at 39 Whitehall Street will become a New York Health and Racquet Club facility. Last week, the city gleefully announced that the Hilton chain will erect a 22-story, 829-room hotel on Liberty and West Streets, to be de-

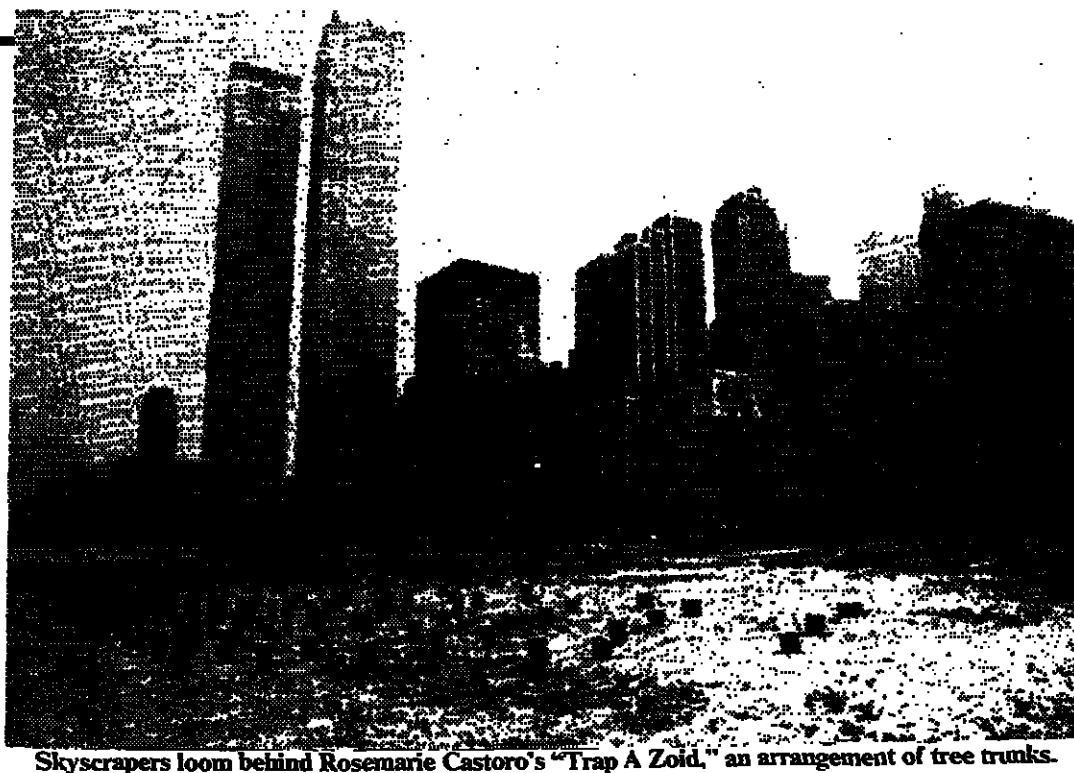
signed by Skidmore, Owings & Merrill with a budget of \$58 million.

The arrival of a large residential population can only accelerate cultural developments, increasing interest in exhibitions at the Water Street branch of the Whitney Museum, the music and dance programs sponsored by the Lower Manhattan Cultural Council, and the South Street Seaport historic preservation sector, which has been the major downtown tourist attraction.

## Park Cosmetics

Contemporary sculpture came to the Battery Park area first as a cosmetic improvement, a distraction for some of the new architectural monoliths. Consider Dubuffet's "Tree," which animates the glacial plaza of the Chase Manhattan Building, or the set pieces, commissioned from sculptors Fritz Koenig, Nagare and James Rosati, to punctuate the paved Siberian waste fronting Yamasaki's World Trade Center. But while corporations still install "public art" to soften their images, some smaller artist-oriented organizations have carried out short-term projects which are more radically transforming cultural life downtown.

The best of these cultural experiments is Creative Time, Inc. This four-year-old nonprofit organization is run by ex-actress Anita



Skyscrapers loom behind Rosemarie Castoro's "Trap A Zoid," an arrangement of tree trunks.

O'Neill and a staff of three. Its goal is to present new works by artists in accessible spaces "lacking in cultural amenities." Creative Time "borrows" its sites on an interim basis from corporations and public agencies, scouting locations then negotiating maintenance and utility costs.

In its latest project, "Art on the Beach," Creative Time has annexed (through Sept. 17) the landfill site of Battery Park City, a projected high-rise apartment/office complex bordering the West Side Highway. This 100-acre landfill tract is Manhattan's "secret beach" now, colonized by artist-sunbathers. It is currently enriched by environmental

works designed and built by 13 artists expressly for the site.

While gulls scream and dive overhead and dragonflies lazily propel themselves through swamp grass, Patsy Norvall's "New York Ripple," a rainbow-hued snowfence, snakes across weed-covered sand and Harriet Feigenbaum's "Battery Park City Mirage," a set of tepee-like forms fashioned from human-scale twig bundles, makes an anthropological and ambiguous visual comment on the city-to-be.

The double panorama of the Hudson River, the New Jersey shoreline and the looming World

Trade Center towers, which dominate the Manhattan skyline behind the site, give these installations a strangely moving grandeur, luring bankers and brokers from their offices.

Across the street in a store front of the Crystal Building, Julian Pritto, an innovative young art dealer, with a keen eye for unlikely and imaginative uses for real estate (he operates from a triplex tower atop a Park Row office building), has engineered a retrospective exhibition of sculpture by Rosemarie Castoro, whose tree trunks sunk into a trapezoidal grid makes one of the strongest statements in the "Art on the Beach" show.

By John Walker

LONDON, Sept. 8 (IHT) — Thomas Middleton and William Rowley's "The Changeling" is but one of the many marvelous Jacobean plays fallen into undeserved neglect, notably by the National Theatre, which has made little effort to explore the riches of Britain's dramatic past.

"The Changeling" was last seen in London in 1961 in Tony Richardson's brooding production with Robert Shaw as De Flores, the complex and sensitive villain whose love sets him free from moral considerations.

By one of those odd coincidences, Peter Gill has now revived the play at the Riverside Studios two months ahead of the Royal Shakespeare Company's production at the Aldwych. That is probably all to the good, for the play deserves to be part of the permanent repertoire of our stage. T.S. Eliot thought that more than any play except those of Shakespeare, it had a profound and permanent moral value and horror.

In Gill's delicate and intense production on the wide-open spaces of the Riverside's stage, it also has an immediate dramatic appeal, baring through the use of self-absorbed soliloquy, the innermost lives of its two main protagonists, Beatrice and De Flores.

## Honor and Guilt

She, ordered by her father to marry a man she does not care for, and in love with another, persuades De Flores to kill her fiancé and so, unwittingly, delivers herself over to him. For the reward De Flores

## Theater in London

## The Heart of the 'Changeling'

Brian Cox and Emma Piper are protagonists of Middleton and Rowley's Jacobean work "The Changeling," directed by Peter Gill.



seeks for his act is her virginity. And when she protests that her honor is everything to her, he points out that she is also guilty of murder. Once she accepts her responsibility in that act, she is led on to, and helps initiate, other enormities.

One of the problems of the play is its subplot, which echoes the main action but otherwise has so little connection with it that it seems almost another play — a comedy at that. In it, two ardent suitors pretend madness in an attempt to seduce the elderly and suspicious madhouse keeper's young wife. Her servant, a knockabout De Flores, realizes what is happening and attempts to blackmail her into becoming his mistress, but she remains virtuous.

Gill manages to achieve some coherence by giving the lunatics, originally intended as comic relief, some dignity and adding a measure of comedy to the absurdities of the main action without upsetting the intensity of the central relationship between Beatrice and De Flores. So the two women, Sharon Duce's down-to-earth Isabella, and Emma Piper's immature Beatrice, become mirrors of each other.

Miss Piper manages wonderfully the transition from a silly and self-indulgent girl into a woman

trapped by a degrading relationship and loving every minute of it, even when overwhelmed by self-loathing. Brian Cox's De Flores, with his face puckered and scarred, is both brutal and tender, a man driven inexorably by a force he does not wish to control. "I'm in pain and must be eased of you," he says in a line that stresses the existential nature of the tragedy.

Gill is the least flamboyant of directors, working with a quiet intelligence that is a welcome change from more bravura approaches, which so often attempt to hide a superficial understanding. Like an expert surgeon, Gill deftly exposes the heart of the play. His one flourish is to open the second half with a series of frozen tableaux. Otherwise, he groups his characters with meticulous care on Liz de Costa's huge, flagstoned stage — although he occasionally faces the problem of getting characters off the stage by having them spring away as if they had another performance to give somewhere else.

Now that Middleton has been rediscovered for the moment, perhaps some director could explore other plays by this prolific playwright. Shakespeare's junior by 16 years and one of the most popular authors of his time, who nevertheless was a fine enough dramatist to write for all time.

Historical Papers Found  
In Chateau Near Paris

By Andreas Freund

PARIS, Sept. 8 (NYT) — An important collection of old documents pertaining to the history of France has been discovered in two heavy trunks hidden behind discarded furniture in the attic of a chateau near Paris.

The trunks were found to contain thick wads of letters written by French monarchs — from Philippe le Bel in the 13th century to Emperor Napoleon. A notable portion of the find is correspondence between Louis XIV and Cardinal Mazarin and Marshal de Turenne about political strategy with regard to Alsace and its neighbors across the Rhine.

Also among the thousands of papers are what are apparently accounts of various royal cabinet ministers. The sifting of the documents has only just begun.

The discovery was made by the Viscount Paul de La Panouse at his

## Famous Family

The La Panouse family is among the most ancient of France's aristocracy, one that traces its ancestry uninterrupted to a 12th-century duke of Guyenne in southwestern France. The La Panouses were, in succession, crusaders, churchmen, officers and courtiers. An early ancestor was named bishop of Damascus. Another became King Henry IV's personal physician.

Over the centuries, such a family would accumulate all kinds of documents, such as now would normally go into official archives. For many centuries, holders of public offices were held accountable for their actions until death. Thus, upon the end of their tenures, they would carefully take all their records home, in case they were needed for exoneration.

In 1940, before the German invasion of France, the La Panouses dispersed their archives and hid them in the chateau itself and in nearby barns and farm houses. Already authenticated in the main La Panouse archives have been letters by Benjamin Franklin, Thomas Jefferson and the Marquis de Lafayette. The La Panouses fought alongside Lafayette in the Revolutionary War. The archives also contain such disparate items as a papal bull signed by Pope Clement XIV, the minutes of the trial of a transvestite in the reign of Louis XV and a number of waltzes in the handwriting of Frédéric Chopin and dedicated to one Clementine de La Panouse, a Paris patron of the arts with whom the composer was in love.

## Please Skip

## Chicken Blood

PARIS, Sept. 8 (IHT) — Apparently it was easy for the Gremelin to get into the computer system and add to Naomir Barry's article (IHT, Sept. 7) that (right) glasses of chicken blood are recommended as part of the Scarsdale weight-loss diet. Fowl deed! Of course, Miss Barry wrote no such thing. It wasn't even chicken broth.

But computer technology is a two-edged sword. The Anti-Gremelin Squad has a record of the whole sequence, and will nail the culprit soon. In the meantime, pass the raw carrots and celery, but please skip the chicken blood — nobody hereabouts is recommending it.

## The Art Market

## The London Season Starts With a Modest No-Frills Auction

By Souren Melikian

LONDON, Sept. 8 (IHT) — An unpretentious sale of "Marine and Sporting Pictures, Watercolors and Drawings" inaugurated the new season at Christie's South Kensington. It was a model of efficiency and salesmanship and at the same time the typical kind of auction that true collectors should not miss.

Christie's premises at South Kensington are reserved for the no-frill sales. This is where Christie's auctions off items that would not justify the expense involved in sophisticated auctions, with their heavy advertising and richly illustrated catalogs. Because every stage in the auctioneering process is simplified to a maximum, the system allows sellers to get their property sold off within a minimum length of time — as little as two to three weeks.

Despite their modesty, sales of

this kind are also thoroughly organized. Items are sold by category according to a set pattern, each category having its given day in the week. Catalogs with concise two-line entries are printed and mailed a few days in advance. Viewing lists are sent out the day before. Wednesday could be seen Monday from 9:30 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. and Tuesday from 9:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.

English auctioneers manage to build up highly consistent groups of paintings. Wednesday's sale focused on watercolors and oils of the 19th and early 20th centuries with a predominance of seascapes and a good deal of sporting scenes and animal studies. By definition such sales include a large number of works by fairly obscure artists or even complete unknowns. This does not necessarily mean that the paintings are trash, even if they are, in general, on the inexpensive side.

Often they are just pleasing, if

unimportant, pieces of the kind that looks nice on the wall of a corridor or an entrance hall. Wednesday one could have a pretty "Coastal View With Vessels" in watercolor with touches of white by one L. Harrison for £15. An asterisk following the name indicated that the cataloger only gave the initial because he had not been able to identify the painter's full name.

Equally decorative were a pair of watercolors showing sailboats entering Lowestoft harbor painted in 1902 by Loftus P. Perkins. The touches of mellow brown on the sails contrasting with the shades of gray and blue in the sky are charming and £40 was not a high price to pay. But neither Harrison nor Perkins have left a trace in the standard dictionaries of artists.

In the no-frill sales, there is often some good kitsch — at cut rates. On Wednesday there were one or two paintings combining that peculiar touch of unwitting humor and earnestness that 19th-century English animal studies often have. An unsigned painting — merely titled "English School" — showed two large terriers running after a rabbit. It was knocked down at £12. A truly enchanting piece was the portrait of an Irish wolfhound represented head and shoulders as if it had been a sitter against a dim, rolling land-

scape. The signature "Morris" and an inscription saying "Liverpool" had not been enough to help the cataloger to further identify the artist, so it made a modest £50.

## 'Emotionalists'

Occasionally, interesting works turn up that one hardly sees at grander auctions. Wednesday, there was a seascape called "Red Sail, Blythe River Estuary, Suffolk" that was remarkable in its way. The artist, Ronald Ossary Dunlop, a member of the Royal Academy since 1950, he is one of the founders of the group of artists and writers at one time known as emotionalists. Both the Tate Gallery and the Contemporary Art Society own some of his works. The seascape sold Wednesday has the strong outlines of early 20th-century fauve landscapes — halfway between a Raoul Dufy of the fauve period and an Albert Marquet. With its original composition and palette, it was hardly overpriced at £110. In July, 1973, another Dunlop had sold at Christie's main auction house for £399.

For experienced buyers this is where true bargains are to be had. The man, apparently a professional, who acquired for £100 a painting signed A.M.N. showing an American clipper in an open sea must have known what he was doing.

Surprisingly, foreign buyers do turn up at such auctions, thanks to the catalogs. When a view of a seaport carrying the name of one "Henry Schaefer" was laid on the block, it quickly rose to £500 and went to a German buyer. It is a

moor question whether there may not have been some confusion in the connoisseur's mind between Heinrich Schaeffer, a German portrait painter who exhibited his work in Berlin between 1839 and 1860, and Henry Thomas Schaefer, who despite his name belongs to the English School.

In order to make the no-frill sales attractive to the more sophisticated buyers, Christie's generally tries to include several pictures of some importance.

Wednesday, there were two matching seascapes by one of those British painters who are so often remarkable but who remain unknown outside the British Isles because they are eminently English in their choice of subject matter and never left their home country.

## Romantic Manner

Thomas Luny, a marine painter born in London in 1759, exhibited at the Royal Academy from 1780 to 1802. He worked in the romantic manner of the latter half of the 18th century and was skillful at rendering all the nuances of clouds hovering over choppy seas. Although he lived until 1837, little is known about his work after 1802. Remarkably enough, one of the seascapes in the sale, which shows shipping vessels in a swell passing a lighthouse, is dated 1833. The other, representing fishermen unloading their catch on a beach as a frigate sails in the background, carries the date 1823. They were bought for £1800 each. These are excellent buys made by a connoisseur who knew exactly what he was after.

But it should be emphasized that

Sotheby's  
AUTUMN ISLAMIC  
& IRANIAN SALES

9th to 12th October 1978

The next series of specialised sales of Islamic, Iranian and related material will be held at 34-35 New Bond Street on:

Monday 9th October at 11 am and 2.30 pm  
Fine Oriental Miniatures, Manuscripts, Qajar Paintings and Lacquer

Tuesday 10th October at 11 am and 2.30 pm  
A Collection of Iranian Ceramics, Iranian and Islamic Arms and Armour, Glass, Textiles and Metalwork, Qajar Enamels and Mughal Jades

Thursday 12th October at 10 am  
Fine Rugs and Carpets

Thursday 12th October at 10.30 am  
Islamic Coins mainly in gold

On view from Wednesday 4th October



A 17th century Kashan "Polonaise" silk and metal thread rug, c. 1620

For further information about these sales please telephone or write to Margaret Erskine

Sotheby Parke Bernet & Co.,

34-35 New Bond Street, London W1A 2AA Telephone: (01) 493 8080

Telegrams: Abinitio, London Telex: London 24454

<p>PARIS GALERIE DROUANT 52, P. St. Honoré, 75008 PARIS, 265 79 45.</p> <p><b>YVERGNIAUX</b></p> <p>Until September 21, 1978.</p>	<p>LONDON ALWIN GALLERY 9-10 Grafton Street, Bond Street, W.1. 01-499 0314. London's Leading Sculpture Gallery</p>
<p>WALLY FINDLAY Galleries International new york - chicago - palm beach beverly hills - paris</p> <p>EXHIBITION POST-IMPRESSIONIST MASTERS featuring CAMOIN - FILLON GUILLAUMIN - LEBOURG LOISEAU MAUFR - MONTEZIN NESSI - P. PISSARRO O. ROCHE - VALTAT</p> <p>2, avenue matignon Tél. 225.70.74 mon. thru. sat. 10 a.m. - 7 p.m.</p> <p>Wally Findlay George V Hôtel George V - 723.54.00</p> <p>CONTEMPORARY ARTISTS 31, av. George V - Paris 8<sup>e</sup> daily - 10 a.m. - 9 p.m. sunday - 7 p.m. - 9 p.m.</p>	<p>MUSEE RODIN 77, Rue de la Vierge - Paris 7<sup>e</sup> THE BURGHERS OF CALAIS Collections from the Rodin Museum and the Calais Museum of Fine Arts. Daily (except Tues.) 10-12 &amp; 2-6 Closing September 25.</p> <p>GALERIE MERMOSZ PRECOLUMBIAN ART 6 rue Jean-Mermos 8<sup>e</sup> 359.82.44 LONDON</p>
<p>LEFEVRE GALLERY: SUMMER EXHIBITION Weekdays 10-5 30 Bruton St., London W.1. Tel. 01-493 1572.</p> <p>MARLBOROUGH 6 Albemarle St., W.1 Recent works by Arlotto, Auerbach, Bacon, Chadwick, Jodkin, Kozlovsky, Moore, Parnham, Phillips, Piper, Sutherland, Womocott. Mon.-Fri. 10-5.30, Sat., 10-12.30.</p>	<p>CRANE KALMAN GALLERY 178 Brompton Road, London SW3 Mon.-Fri. 10-6, Sat. 10-4. Tel. 01-584 7566.</p> <p>OUTSTANDING BRITISH WORKS OF ART Moore, Nicholson, Hepworth, Sutherland, Lowry, Scott, etc.</p> <p>Also works by European artists.</p> <p>HENRI MOORE Draped seated figure against a curtain wall 1956/57. Bronze 2 1/2' high - Edition of 12.</p>

McCracken  
Pulls Out of  
Met Season

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (UPD) — Tenor James McCracken has withdrawn from the Metropolitan Opera for the 1978-79 season less than two weeks before he was to have opened the season in the title role of "Tannhäuser," an opera company spokesman announced yesterday.

McCracken's almost unprecedented action, which took place in the midst of a rehearsal Wednesday, left the Met management with the problem of finding a quick replacement for its first-night star. The spokesman said Richard Cassilly had agreed to sing the first three Tannhäusers of the season in New York and Jess Thomas will sing the last four.

McCracken's press agent, Alix B. Williams, said the tenor had decided "to take a year's leave of absence due to a disagreement with management over matters of television scheduling." She said McCracken was not available for comment.

Other sources close to the situation said the 50-year-old dramatic tenor was angered that Jon Vickers had been cast to sing the title role of "Otello" in the first Public Broadcasting Service "Live from the Met" program of the season. Otello is one of McCracken's greatest roles and the current production was designed as a vehicle for him.

AUTHORS WANTED  
BY N.Y. PUBLISHER

Leading book publisher seeks manuscripts of all types: fiction, non-fiction, poetry, scholarly and religious works, etc. New authors encouraged. Send for free booklet: H-3 VANTAGE Press, 514 W 34 St., New York, N.Y. 10001, U.S.A.

Handwritten signature or mark at the bottom of the page.



## Dollar Up Sharply; Gold Falls to \$205

From Wire Dispatches

LONDON, Sept. 8 — The dollar rose sharply against all major currencies in thin trading today in what some dealers described as a technical rally rather than a reversal of the basic downtrend.

However, trading may have been influenced by some near-term considerations such as a weekly decline in the U.S. money supply and a

drop in U.S. producer prices for finished goods during August.

In addition, some traders said that market participants were purchasing dollars ahead of the weekend to close out short positions in case U.S. authorities announced further measures to prop up the dollar such as a drawing from the International Monetary Fund.

Dealers said that if Israeli prime minister Begin and Egyptian president Sadat reach an agreement to pursue peace talks at their meeting at Camp David, the outcome could give another lift to the dollar.

In trading for Deutsche marks, the dollar rose to 1.9973 DM from 1.9865 DM late Thursday. The U.S. currency also bounced up to 1.63 Swiss francs from 1.6175 francs and to 192.50 yen from 190.90.

Sterling was little changed against the dollar at \$1.9385 but it made substantial gains against continental currencies. The Bank of England's index for sterling-weighted depreciation rose to 62.5 from 62.2 Thursday. The improvement probably resulted from short-covering purchases of sterling after Prime Minister Callaghan said late yesterday he would not call an early general election.

In trading for French francs, the dollar moved up to 4.37 francs from 4.3475 while the Canadian dollar continued to decline into postwar low territory at \$6.36 U.S. cents, down from \$6.51 cents.

Meanwhile, gold closed here around \$205.75 an ounce but was quoted as low as \$204.65 an ounce in very late trading, down from \$211.25 an ounce yesterday, reflecting the dollar's gains, dealers said.

Trading in gold quietened after active liquidation on the New York opening took the metal down to an afternoon fix of \$205.90 an ounce, down from \$210.50 an ounce yesterday.



Joseph Vittoria

## PEOPLE IN BUSINESS

Joseph Vittoria has been named vice president and general manager of Herz Europe. He was previously staff vice president of marketing.

Mitsubishi Trust and Banking Corp. has named Takashi Suda, a senior managing director, as its new president. He succeeds Yoshihiro Akama who will become board chairman.

Raimondo Erucci has been appointed chief foreign manager of Credito Commerciale, a private bank in Milan.

James Bennett has been named president and chief executive officer of Rodgers International in Amsterdam. Previously associated with J.A. Jones Construction Company in North Carolina, he succeeds Martin Simmons who is returning to law practice.

## Economic News Analysis

### U.S.-Japan Trade Talks Doomed to Fail

By Henry Scott-Stokes

TOKYO, Sept. 8 (NYP) — With the breakdown of high-level U.S.-Japan trade talks in Washington yesterday, the gap between the two countries' perceptions of bilateral trade issues is wide, experts here said today.

We are doing everything possible to reduce our trade surplus with America, said a Ministry of International Trade and Industry spokesman, and in fact it's coming down very fast — we have turned the corner.

But to the U.S. side the very reverse seems to be true. Japan's surplus has surged this year exceeding \$7 billion in the first seven months, a record.

With the fall in the dollar, Japan's surplus was supposed to have been reduced according to our economists, said Frank Weil, assistant secretary of commerce on a recent visit to Tokyo. "But instead, the surplus has gone ahead and doubled," he said. "It has done exactly what it was supposed not to do."

The Japanese side counters by saying that to volume terms, and in ten terms, Japan's surplus to the U.S. was down sharply in July and will continue to fall. But this does not impress Americans when dollar-based shipments are still up by 20 percent on last year.

The two sides — as was evident in trade talks this week between Robert Strauss, President Carter's trade negotiator, and Ichiro Nakagawa, Japan's agriculture minister, are far apart on fundamental issues, suggesting that what is politely known to diplomats as the U.S.-Japan trade "imbalance" will be far and away the biggest U.S. bilateral trade problem this autumn.

Resolution of this squabble by Japanese agreement to import still more U.S. farm goods — Japan is already the largest customer for U.S. farm products — will pave the way to international agreement on a general round of tariff cuts and other trade-promoting steps by December within the framework of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade.

But Japan does not want to budge much, even to allow in a few extra 10,000 tons of oranges and beef a year in the 1980's, as demanded by Mr. Strauss. The value of this prospective trade is tiny by

comparison with Japan's trade surplus — a few hundred million dollars against an annual surplus of over \$13 billion on dollar-based figures.

Yet Washington is willing to overlook that point in return for "political" concessions to benefit powerful farm groups in California and Florida that would enable Mr. Strauss to "sell" a GATT package to Congress in early 1979 and also hold down protectionist urges in the legislature.

However, officials and ministers here have got into a frame of mind where, although they can perfectly well appreciate Mr. Strauss' personal dilemma and the absolute need to hold protectionism in check, they still cannot see the way to making concessions that would benefit at least 10 if not 100 consumers here for every farmer who would be hurt.

#### Uncompromising Line

Mr. Nakagawa took an extremely uncompromising line with Mr. Strauss on orange and beef imports for just as "political" reasons however.

The ruling Conservative Party, which has dominated Japanese politics in one or another form since 1945, cannot agree to offend its farm lobby and backers in several hundred key rural constituencies.

This is all the more important to Japanese politicians of the Liberal Democratic Party in Japan, because support for the LDP has steadily fallen and only by gross overstatement — as the population moved to the cities — have Japanese Conservatives stayed in power all these years, clinging to paper-thin majorities in the Diet.

In the 511-seat Lower House, the LDP had a total of 256 seats after the last elections — a majority of one. That ultra-small majority, somewhat augmented by independent seats, is now threatened by Robert Strauss by the citrus lobbies of California and Florida.

[The head of the Economic Planning Agency said today he believes the United States had no intention of reaching an agreement with Japan in their agricultural trade talks even before they began in Washington, United Press International reported.]

[Director-General Kiichi Miyazawa blamed the failure of the three-day meeting on Mr. Strauss, whom he said "carried favors with Congress" because of an off-year election. "The way Mr. Strauss conducted his negotiations is not productive," Mr. Miyazawa said.]

### Republic Steel Charges EEC Dumping

CLEVELAND, Sept. 8 (AP-DJ)

Republic Steel is preparing dumping charges against Common Market steelmakers that will be filed unless Washington acts soon to stem the surge of steel imports, William De Lancey, president, said.

However, he said the government's "trigger-price" system, which was implemented earlier this year to curtail imports, ought to be improved rather than scrapped.

"We think the ball currently is in our government's court," Mr. De Lancey said. He added that he hopes government officials do something about European imports. "If they don't, Republic hasn't any choice but to file anti-dumping charges, and I haven't any doubt that we'd win."

He declined to be specific about how fast he expected the government to act before the anti-dumping charges would be filed. "We have to be flexible about that. We review (import figures) weekly, so we're keeping close watch on the trends."

He said it is in the nation's best interests to hold down steel imports as one way of controlling inflation. "The flood of imports can't help but reduce domestic (steel) shipments later this year or next year," he noted. "When volume declines, costs per ton go up because steel (making) has very high fixed costs."

Unlike some other steelmakers, Republic has not promised to try to avoid further price boosts this year. But Bethlehem Steel last week repeated a conditional promise that it would not boost prices again in 1978, and other steelmakers have conceded they would have trouble raising prices if Bethlehem did not.

Robert Strauss, the president's

## FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

### Texas Instruments Develops Chip

Texas Instruments is introducing an advanced design computer memory integrated circuit with 65,536 storage cells on a single silicon chip. The 64K Dynamic Random Access Memory, RAM, the first of its kind to be produced by a U.S. semiconductor manufacturer, is scheduled for volume production in early 1979 and is expected to account for more than a fourth of the global metal-oxide semiconductor market by the early 1980's. The memory, priced at \$125 each in small quantities, represents the fourth generation of circuits that in the past half-decade years have all been taken over by the market for computers' main memories, which formerly consisted of small magnetic rings known as memory cores. The earlier generations of dynamic RAMs, contained 1,000, 4,000 and 16,000 bits of data-storage space.

### Marine Solicits Approval for Sale

Marine Midland Bank, in mailed proxy materials soliciting shareholder approval of proposals to sell to Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, disclosed that Hongkong & Shanghai plans to acquire the stock through a Dutch affiliate. That unit is HSBC Holdings B.V., a subsidiary of Kellert N.V., which in turn, is a Netherlands Antilles subsidiary of Hongkong & Shanghai. In financial statements with the proxy material, Marine Midland disclosed that it had a \$282,000 net operating loss in 1977 on its European operations, where it has more than \$1.6 billion of assets. Its most profitable foreign opera-

tions were in Western Hemisphere nations, where it had 1977 operating net of almost \$1.7 million on assets of \$1.1 billion.

### Union Bank Sees Lower Net

Union Bank of Switzerland expects slightly lower results for 1978, compared with the year earlier, the bank says. Officials say commissions from the loan business had diminished and noted that the international competition had become harsher. However, they added that the decline of profit margins in this sector was compensated for by an increase in volume, which rose 1.3 billion Swiss francs (about \$799 million) since the beginning of the year.

### Plessey Cuts Work Force at Garrard

Plessey says it is planning a major cutback at Garrard, its loss-making consumer electronics subsidiary which makes stereos and other phonographic equipment. Plessey said it was considering the sale of 1,250 of Garrard's 1,830 employees and that one of Garrard's three main factories is to be closed. Garrard lost \$5.1 million in the year ended March 31, 1978, and a further \$1 million in the June quarter of the current fiscal year. In a statement, Plessey said: "The current fiscal year, a major increase in the sales of Japanese models which have remained virtually unchanged in price despite high rates of inflation internationally and the increased value of the yen, and the decline in the value of the U.S. dollar against the pound. This is particularly significant as over half Garrard sales are in the U.S."

## Bolstering Anti-Inflation Program

### U.S. Nearer to Wage-Price Guidelines

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (AP-DJ)

The Carter administration is moving rapidly toward voluntary wage-price guidelines backed by a system of limited sanctions as part of a strengthened anti-inflation program.

White House announcement of the program's "second phase," which is expected to include emphasis on greater budget stringency, could come in a matter of weeks.

After serious consideration, administration planners apparently have rejected, as too complex, plans to propose using the federal tax system to create incentives for restraining wages and prices. But a number of officials say that Mr. Carter eventually may propose, as an anti-inflationary and stimulative measure, deferment of the social security tax increase scheduled to take effect Jan. 1.

For technical reasons, the administration may delay such a proposal until January, when it sends Congress its annual economic message.

Recommendations for establishment of numerical wage-price guidelines, which would not require legislative action, are contained in a memo drafted by a subcommittee group and considered yesterday by the Economic Policy Group, chaired by Treasury Secretary Michael Blumenthal.

While Mr. Carter has not tipped

his hand on the inflation suggestions, a consensus appears to be forming among his top economic advisers. "Everybody's pointing in the same direction," one administration official says.

Under the current anti-inflation program, business and labor have been asked to keep this year's price and wage increases below 1976 and 1977 average boosts. But this "deceleration" principle has proved too fuzzy, according to government inflation fighters, and Mr. Carter's program is widely viewed as ineffective.

"It's too easy to pretend not to understand" the deceleration principle, an administration official says. The beefed-up program would be more specific and more difficult to ignore.

Under the new proposal, there would be a national wage standard, or guideline, tied to increases in the cost of living. If the consumer price index rose 3 percent in a given year, wages would be expected to rise no more than 3 percent the next year.

The price guideline would differ from company to company. Each concern would be expected to hold increases below the prior year's increase by 1 to 1.5 percentage points.

As these actions helped moderate the consumer price rise, the wage guideline would drop in subsequent years. Allowances would be made for companies with abnormally

small or large base-year increases for other exceptional circumstances. One idea being considered is to allow unions to get above-guideline wage increases by giving up inflationary work rules.

Under the voluntary guidelines, companies and unions would not be barred legally from prices and wage increases that exceed the standards. But administration officials plan to have the federal government use all the levers currently at its disposal against guideline violators.

#### Major Problems

A move to specific wage-price guidelines could create two major problems for the Carter administration. It could revive fears among businessmen and labor leaders that the government is headed toward mandatory wage and price controls, despite Mr. Carter's repeated assurances to the contrary if executive antitrust controls, they might make quick increases in their list prices.

The wage guidelines also could provoke a number of labor unions to strike for increases in excess of the government-established standards. Represented strikes in major industries would test the administration's commitment to the guidelines. In the past, officials have accepted — indeed encouraged — inflationary labor settlements to minimize labor unrest.

Indications are that the anti-inflation package will put heavy stress on restraining the federal budget. James McInerney, director of the Office of Management and Budget, has talked publicly of getting the deficit for the fiscal 1980 budget, which the president will send to Congress in January, down "into the very low 30s" of billions of dollars. The deficit for fiscal 1979, which will start Oct. 1, is expected to be around \$40 billion.

Deferment of the 1979 social security tax increase, if passed by Congress, would entail substantial administrative work. Payrolls would have to be adjusted to reflect the change back to the lower 1978 tax.

#### New Measures

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (AP-DJ) — The Carter administration will announce some new measures this month to beef up its program to fight inflation, chief inflation adviser Robert Strauss said today.

"We are looking at everything short of mandatory wage and price controls," he said and added that additional measures probably will be announced early in 1979. He declined to discuss what the measures may include although he hinted that new steps to ease government regulations that put pressure on prices may be among them.

## First Drop in Two Years

### U.S. Prices Fall .1% On Wholesale Goods

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (AP-DJ)

U.S. wholesale prices declined a seasonally adjusted 0.1 percent in August, the first drop in two years, the Labor Department said today.

The decrease, which compared with a 0.5-percent increase in July and a 0.7-percent rise in June, was the first since the 0.2-percent drop in August 1976. It was attributed to a large drop in consumer food prices, which dropped 1.5 percent following a 0.3-percent decline in July and a 1.1-percent increase in June.

The department said wholesale prices for fresh and dried fruits and vegetables dropped an adjusted 6.7 percent last month and egg prices declined 3.9 percent.

Prices for items other than food rose an adjusted 0.4 percent following increases of 0.8 percent in July and 0.6 percent in June. Prices for capital equipment rose 0.4 percent in August after gains of 0.5 percent in July and 0.8 percent in June.

Finished durable goods prices rose 0.7 percent last month following a 1.8-percent increase in July and prices for non-durables rose 0.3 percent following an increase of 0.6 percent.

Before seasonal adjustment the wholesale price index for finished goods stood at 195.3 percent of the 1967 average, up 7.7 percent from a year earlier.

Intermediate goods, which have been partly processed but need further work before becoming finished goods, rose an adjusted 0.5 percent, the same rate as in July and up from the 0.3-percent increase in June. Intermediate prices for foods and feeds dropped 3.4 percent against an increase of 1.5 percent in July and a decrease of 2.7 percent in June. The August drop was the largest since the 4.9-percent decline in August 1977. Prices of intermediate goods other than food rose 0.7 percent after rises of 0.4 percent in July and 0.5 percent in June.

The index for crude goods that have not been processed dropped 1.3 percent compared with a July decline of 0.6 percent and a June rise of 1.8 percent. The drop was

the largest since the 1.7-percent decline in August 1977.

Crude prices for foods and feeds dropped 1.8 percent following a 2.5-percent drop in July and a 1.9-percent increase in June. Crude prices for goods other than food declined an adjusted 0.5 percent, the first drop since the 0.5-percent decline in September 1977. These prices rose 2.3 percent in July and were up 1.7 percent in June.

The Federal Reserve Board also reported today that consumer installment credit expanded a seasonally adjusted \$3.3 billion in July, compared with an increase of an adjusted \$3.8 billion increase in June.

## Prices Gain On Wall St.; Dow Up 14

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (Reuters) — Issues on the New York Stock Exchange climbed sharply over a wide area in active trading today, spurred by a drop in both the basic money supply and August wholesale prices.

An apparent credit-tightening move by the Federal Reserve cut into the gains in the afternoon but the market bounced back with a strong rally in the day.

Bill and bond prices dropped sharply in reaction to the Fed's move to drain excess reserves from the government securities market with Fed funds trading at 8 1/4 percent.

The Dow Jones industrial average rose 14.03 points to 907.74, a new high for the year. Volume rose to 42.17 million shares from yesterday's 38 million.

The rally came after IBM decisively over the 300 mark after several sessions in which it tried to hold above that level and failed. It finished at 303 1/4, up 4 1/4.

General Motors added 1/4 to 66. Du Pont 1/4 to 131 1/4. Polaroid 1/4 to 59 1/4. McDonald's 1/4 to 55 1/4. Disney 1/4 to 45 and active General Electric 1/4 to 54 1/4.

Volume leader Pan American World Airways climbed 1/4 to 10 1/4, its best price in five years. National Air Lines added 1/4 to 34 1/4. On the American Stock Exchange, Texas International Air eased 1/4 to 15 1/4. It raised its National stake to 20 percent.

Amex tacked on 1/4 to 50 1/4 in heavy trading. CITP gained 1/4 to 27 1/4. A federal court reversed an earlier consent decree requiring it to divest its interest in Carte Blanche Corp.

Dresser Industries rose two to 46 1/4. The Administration gave final approval for Dresser to export an electronic welding machine to the Soviet Union.

Prices on the American Stock Exchange also rose, with the market-value index rising 3.15 points to 175.13.

In Chicago, wheat and corn were mixed, oats higher and soybeans substantially higher at the close today on the Board of Trade.

Wheat was off 1/4 to 1 1/2 cents; corn off 1/4 to 1 1/4; oats up 1/4 to 3 1/4 and soybeans up 3 1/4 to 9 1/2 cents.

Strictly following the "Theolen Theory" CARIBICO GROWTH FUND WILLIAMSTAD obtains for you the highest Capital Gains and above Average Dividends!

Net Asset Val. per CARIBICO share

Jan.	2, 76	\$ 99.10
July <td>1, 76<td>\$128.95</td></td>	1, 76 <td>\$128.95</td>	\$128.95
Dec. <td>31, 76<td>\$140.10</td></td>	31, 76 <td>\$140.10</td>	\$140.10
July <td>1, 77<td>\$160.85</td></td>	1, 77 <td>\$160.85</td>	\$160.85
Dec. <td>31, 77<td>\$167.85</td></td>	31, 77 <td>\$167.85</td>	\$167.85
April <td>25, 78<td>\$176.88</td></td>	25, 78 <td>\$176.88</td>	\$176.88
August <td>29, 78<td>\$191.26</td></td>	29, 78 <td>\$191.26</td>	\$191.26

From Jan. 1976 up to now CARIBICO GROWTH FUND paid 36% in claims and dividends, meanwhile its Net Asset-Value rose from \$99.10 to \$191.26. If you cannot meet these results, subscribe CARIBICO Units (\$2,000 at N.A.V., published daily in Herald Tribune). You may also exchange your daily quoted shares in CARIBICO Units, you spare commissions and you get your future dividends TAX FREE!

Request our Annual Reports (in English, German or Dutch) and all further information free from our representatives

INVESTING DIVERSIFIED SERVICES EST. 1965  
R-9434 Schaan/Liechtenstein  
Box 2 - Tel. 075/2-10-50  
Telex 77660 lds/Bapt. 556

## Turkey Expects To Repay OECD Over 7 Months

ANKARA, Sept. 8 (AP-DJ)

Turkish Finance Minister Ziya Muezzinoglu hinted today that the nation's debts to members of the Organization of Economic Cooperation and Development will be repaid over a seven-month period beginning in October.

His remarks followed a meeting with Emil von Lennep, OECD secretary general, who is here to discuss changes in the timetable for repaying approximately \$1.5 billion of debts.

During the talks, Mr. von Lennep and Turkish ministers discussed what they termed "fresh credits" to achieve objectives of the fourth five-year development plan.

#### ADVERTISEMENT

##### AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY (CDBs)

The undersigned announces that the Second Quarter Report 1978 for June 30th, 1978, of American Express Company, will be available in Amsterdam at Pierson, Holding & Pierson N.V., Algemene Bank Nederland N.V., Bank Mees & Hope N.V., Pierson, Holding & Pierson N.V., Kaa-Associatie N.V.

##### AMSTERDAM DEPOSITORY COMPANY N.V.

Amsterdam, September 4th, 1978.

#### ADVERTISEMENT

##### MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD. (CDBs)

The undersigned announces that the Second Quarter Report ended May 30, 1978, of Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., Ltd. will be available in Amsterdam at Pierson, Holding & Pierson N.V., Algemene Bank Nederland N.V., Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank N.V., Bank Mees & Hope N.V., Kaa-Associatie N.V.

##### AMSTERDAM DEPOSITORY COMPANY N.V.

Amsterdam, September 5th, 1978.

## VALUE LINE brings

### COMPREHENSIVE COVERAGE of 1700 AMERICAN STOCKS to European Investors

THE VALUE LINE INVESTMENT SURVEY continuously reviews more than 1700 widely held American stocks. Key data and ranking for relative future price performance of each stock are kept up-to-date in the weekly Index. And about 130 non full-page reports are issued every week, so that each company is the subject of a complete report every 13 weeks. The full-page reports include operating and financial statistics going back 15 years and estimated 3 to 5 years ahead.

As a special introductory offer, you can receive 12 weeks of Value Line for only \$45, providing you have not had a subscription in the past two years. As a BONUS, you will also receive the 2400-page Investors Reference Service with the latest reports on over 1700 stocks, plus the 64-page guide, "Investing in Common Stocks." Send payment (no cash, please) along with name and address together with this ad to Dept. 513 E02

## THE VALUE LINE

5 EAST 44TH ST., NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017, U.S.A.

Payment in local currencies (British £28, French Fr 230, Swiss Fr 120, DM 120) and requests for information should be directed to: Value Line, Att.: A. de Saint Phalle, 2 Ave. de Villars, 75007 Paris. (Tel. 651.63.59).

## IT'S FUN TO BE A MILLIONAIRE!

### 107 Tax Free Lottery Starts Soon

1st Prize: \$536,000.00 2nd Prize: \$268,000.00  
3rd Prize: \$201,000.00 4th Prize: \$134,000.00

22 Prizes of \$67,000.00 each

PLUS 39,274 Other Cash Prizes up to \$33,500.00!

Total Prize Money: \$17,646,160

A wonderful opportunity for you to win one of these fabulous amounts in the world's greatest and yet smallest government-controlled tax-free lottery in Western Europe. Only 70,000 tickets sold during each cycle (i.e. every six months) HIGHLIGHT: One out of every two tickets wins back at least the cost of the ticket. Curious??? Write today, using coupon, for brochure and ticket application form

## PROKOPP INTERNATIONAL

the official distributor for the Austrian National Lottery.

29 Mariahilfer Str. (Since 1913) 1061 Vienna, Austria.

Please send me a brochure and ticket application form for the Austrian National Lottery.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

City/Country \_\_\_\_\_



North Stock										12 Month Stock										12 Month Stock															
					C198										C198										C198										
High	Low	Div	In \$	Yld	P/E	100s	High	Low	Qnt	Close	Prev	High	Low	Div	In \$	Yld	P/E	100s	High	Low	Qnt	Close	Prev	High	Low	Div	In \$	Yld	P/E	100s	High	Low	Qnt	Close	Prev

[illegible][illegible]

174%	8½%	Hazelnut	.40	2.4	9	26	16%	16%	16%
27%	16%	HeathTec			70	82	27%	26%	26%

100



مكتبة الادب العربي

(Continued on Page 12)

Le poste requiert des expériences réussies dans le domaine du Marketing produits de grande consommation et dans la Direction Générale d'une entreprise ou d'une branche autonome.

la candidature d'un homme de 40 ans environ, ayant une expérience latino-américaine, serait appréciée.

la rémunération, les avantages annexes et les conditions contractuelles sont de nature à motiver des candidats répondant déjà aux exigences du poste

**guillon sélection**  
23, AV. DE LIVRY - 93640 LE BAISY - FRANCE

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

## BUSINESS EDUCATION AND TRAINING

regional organization in francophone West Africa is seeking an experienced business educator with fluent French.

Education involves developing and teaching basic business concepts (accounting, marketing, management) to African bank staffs who receive training and business entrepreneurs with some formal education in several West African countries.

**QUALIFICATIONS:**

- Masters or doctorate in business administration.
- Minimum five years' teaching experience.

- Ability to develop courses and teach in French.
- American citizen.

Compensation package: \$30-\$35,000 plus housing and children's education allowances. To request packet with opportunity

**WRITE:**

**Director-African Enterprise Program**  
P.O. Box 20,824,  
ABIDJAN - IVORY COAST

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

## A SECURE SAFE AND MERRY CHRISTMAS 1978

economic international commodities Co. offers generous commissions and advancement for

**REQUIREMENTS:** drive, the desire to be 1st and a working knowledge of German language. British, American and German salesmen preferred

***Members of The European Community Welcome.***  
**Tel. Munich 089/55 48 37 Germany.**

\_\_\_\_\_

**Specialists in recruitment  
for the developing world**

## MULTINATIONALS

## TEN OFF AFRICA...

successful executives with proven overseas  
the following key positions:

**BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT  
MANAGER**  
(ref. 6/HT/BBDM)

**MENT EXECUTIVE**  
(ref 6/HT/DE)

an attractive and politically stable part of West  
the identifying, appraisal and development of  
throughout Africa, Central and East Africa.

erial skills is required, including the ability to market plans, negotiate at government level, and an orientated planning team.

Marketing/commercial experience will be required at least to degree level; fluency in French

er advancement within this rapidly growing  
and the group is well known for its attractive

ence, to Michael Berger, Executive Resources  
37 Jermyn Street, London, SW1Y 6JD, giving

**ons and previous experience. Short-listed within three weeks.**







50.10.10

[illegible]

**ROME, Sept. 8 (AP-DD)**—The Italian economy, nearly 20 years of erratic growth and depression, may be headed for sustained wage increases was unveiled by Prime Minister Andreotti last week. It is designed to hold down ballooning pension and health-care equivalent to \$9,100 a year and a 50-percent lid on escalator boost on earnings ranging from \$7,100 to \$9,100.

The recent fall from last December's level. There are early indications that the unions, including the powerful *Confederazione Generale Italiana del Lavoro*, will accept wage restraints, though perhaps not as stringent as the government desires.

Real wages rose 7 percent last year, but are higher to those in Western Europe generally. But some progress was made in persuading the unions to accept a cut-

Otherwise, the economic aspect is generally brighter.

Italy's current-account surplus is expected to widen to \$3 billion this year from \$2.3 billion last year, resulting partly from 20-percent devaluation of the lira in 1976 and a further 4-percent depreciation in its value last year against the currencies of Italy's major trading partners.

Also inflating the deficit were substantial increases in pension and health-care costs. Social-welfare expenditures constitute 24 percent of Italy's gross national product, the highest share of 1 percent in the United States, and they consume slightly more than half of Italy's budget.

MOVING	<b>CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS</b>	ESCORTS & GUIDES
SWISS INTERNATIONAL		

[illegible]**Closing Prices September 8, 1978**

## LOW COST FLIGHTS

The International Herald Tribune cannot speak for the quality of the low cost flights advertised below.

### ALL THE WAY TO L.A.

From any airport in Europe with free stopovers in Bangkok, Hong Kong, Taipei, Tokyo, Honolulu, U.S. \$799.

**CHINA AIRWAYS (Agent)**  
Beaulieu 2, Amsterdam  
Tel. 020-542001, Telex 18533.

**U.S.A. \$1124 AMSTERDAM**  
Boston Non-stop daily, Par. Am 707  
Boston, Den. Amsterdam, Los Ang.  
Boston, Chicago, San Fran. 1400 hr.,  
Boston, Houston 15:30 hr. Check-in by  
19:00 hrs. Par. airport, carrier. Seats  
usually available.

**WESTERN AIRWAYS/Porter** (F550),  
New York F845, Chicago 1900, L.A. 11:16  
am, SFO 12:00, San Jose 12:25, Los An.  
12:55, SFO 12:55, SFO 12:55, SFO 12:55.

**LOW COST AIR FARES**  
London, Toronto, Tel. 242020. Sat.  
Sunday flights.

**RENT-A-CAR** Since 1969.  
Recommendations by automobile. 5 Rue  
de l'Europe, Paris 8th, Tel. 352 02 15/16.

## TRAVEL SERVICES

### DANUBE TRIPS

Excursions (except Monday) excursions  
from Czechoslovakia through Germany  
to Vienna with M. Tschudi. Non-stop  
to Vienna, return 9 pm, same day, Austria,  
Italy, Switzerland, Germany, Czechoslovakia.  
Low cost boat excursions to Wiesbaden,  
Germany, services Vienna-Paris-Vienna,  
Paris-Lyon-Vienna. 1555, Trieste 8,  
1020 Vienna, Tel. 2025271.

## FRANCE

**PARIS - Plaza Mirabeau** 100-110, 10  
Ave. E-Zoff, 1-2, 3 room flat, bath,  
kitchen, fridge, \$77,200.

## GERMANY

**FRANKFURT/M-FAIRHOF** 1st cl.  
1,500 ft. near railway station.  
1,500 ft. 1,200 ft. 1,200 ft.

## GREAT BRITAIN

**GOVE HOTEL/LONDON** Small superb  
level off 100 ft. 10 minutes  
West End. All rooms with colour TV,  
patio, radio, colour, telephone, bath.  
100 ft. 100 ft. 100 ft. 100 ft.  
100 ft. 100 ft. 100 ft. 100 ft.

## GREECE

### STAGE COACH

Soloists - Shakespeare  
Tel. 743 953.

## SWITZERLAND

### GENEVA

**RESIDENCE DE FRANCE**  
4 Avenue de France  
Tel. 022 3114, 14, 19.

Beautiful, first class, air-conditioned  
apartment with 2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms  
and studies. Fully equipped kitchen,  
daily maid service. Weekly  
and monthly contracts. Small  
last location.

## U.S.A.

**TUDOR HOTEL** 304 East 42nd  
Street, New York City. In fashion-  
able, East Side Manhattan, high  
block, new, 100 ft. 100 ft. 100 ft.  
doubles from \$88. Telos 42251.

## FRANCE

**PARIS - Plaza Mirabeau** 100-110, 10  
Ave. E-Zoff, 1-2, 3 room flat, bath,  
kitchen, fridge, \$77,200.

## GERMANY

**FRANKFURT/M-FAIRHOF** 1st cl.  
1,500 ft. near railway station.  
1,500 ft. 1,200 ft. 1,200 ft.

## GREAT BRITAIN

**GOVE HOTEL/LONDON** Small superb  
level off 100 ft. 10 minutes  
West End. All rooms with colour TV,  
patio, radio, colour, telephone, bath.  
100 ft. 100 ft. 100 ft. 100 ft.

## GREECE

**STAGE COACH**  
Soloists - Shakespeare  
Tel. 743 953.

## SWITZERLAND

**GENEVA**

**RESIDENCE DE FRANCE**  
4 Avenue de France  
Tel. 022 3114, 14, 19.

Beautiful, first class, air-conditioned  
apartment with 2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms  
and studies. Fully equipped kitchen,  
daily maid service. Weekly  
and monthly contracts. Small  
last location.

## U.S.A.

**TUDOR HOTEL** 304 East 42nd  
Street, New York City. In fashion-  
able, East Side Manhattan, high  
block, new, 100 ft. 100 ft. 100 ft.  
doubles from \$88. Telos 42251.

## FRANCE

**PARIS - Plaza Mirabeau** 100-110, 10  
Ave. E-Zoff, 1-2, 3 room flat, bath,  
kitchen, fridge, \$77,200.

## VAN MOPPE

### QUALITY DIAMONDS

Specialists in  
blue-white and perfect brilliants.  
Write now for our full color  
jewelry catalog.

**Albert Craynestad 2-4**  
1072 Ct. Amsterdam, Tel. 020-761242.  
Open daily from 9:00 - 5:00.

## DIAMONDS

Five diamonds in any price  
range at the lowest prices in the  
country. Write now for our full color  
jewelry catalog.

**Joseph Goldberger**  
Established 1925  
62 Pilsbush Street, 2000 Antwerp,  
Belgium. - Tel. 31-33, 26, 60.

## EDUCATION

### SEA PINES ABROAD

**Academic Preparatory School**  
in the Palm Beach area  
4 Avenue de France  
Tel. 022 3114, 14, 19.

## GERMANY

**FRANKFURT/M-FAIRHOF** 1st cl.  
1,500 ft. near railway station.  
1,500 ft. 1,200 ft. 1,200 ft.

## GREAT BRITAIN

**GOVE HOTEL/LONDON** Small superb  
level off 100 ft. 10 minutes  
West End. All rooms with colour TV,  
patio, radio, colour, telephone, bath.  
100 ft. 100 ft. 100 ft. 100 ft.

## GREECE

**STAGE COACH**  
Soloists - Shakespeare  
Tel. 743 953.

## SWITZERLAND

**GENEVA**

**RESIDENCE DE FRANCE**  
4 Avenue de France  
Tel. 022 3114, 14, 19.

Beautiful, first class, air-conditioned  
apartment with 2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms  
and studies. Fully equipped kitchen,  
daily maid service. Weekly  
and monthly contracts. Small  
last location.

## U.S.A.

**TUDOR HOTEL** 304 East 42nd  
Street, New York City. In fashion-  
able, East Side Manhattan, high  
block, new, 100 ft. 100 ft. 100 ft.  
doubles from \$88. Telos 42251.

## FRANCE

**PARIS - Plaza Mirabeau** 100-110, 10  
Ave. E-Zoff, 1-2, 3 room flat, bath,  
kitchen, fridge, \$77,200.

## VAN MOPPE

### QUALITY DIAMONDS

Specialists in  
blue-white and perfect brilliants.  
Write now for our full color  
jewelry catalog.

**Albert Craynestad 2-4**  
1072 Ct. Amsterdam, Tel. 020-761242.  
Open daily from 9:00 - 5:00.

## DIAMONDS

Five diamonds in any price  
range at the lowest prices in the  
country. Write now for our full color  
jewelry catalog.

**Joseph Goldberger**  
Established 1925  
62 Pilsbush Street, 2000 Antwerp,  
Belgium. - Tel. 31-33, 26, 60.

## EDUCATION

### SEA PINES ABROAD

**Academic Preparatory School**  
in the Palm Beach area  
4 Avenue de France  
Tel. 022 3114, 14, 19.

## GERMANY

**FRANKFURT/M-FAIRHOF** 1st cl.  
1,500 ft. near railway station.  
1,500 ft. 1,200 ft. 1,200 ft.

## GREAT BRITAIN

**GOVE HOTEL/LONDON** Small superb  
level off 100 ft. 10 minutes  
West End. All rooms with colour TV,  
patio, radio, colour, telephone







## 15-3 Rout in Boston

## Yanks Crush Red Sox

From Wire Dispatches  
BOSTON, Sept. 8 — Willie Randolph drove in five runs, three with a bases-loaded double, as the New York Yankees exploded for 21 hits last night in a 15-3 victory over the Boston Red Sox.

Winning for the 13th time in 15 games, New York moved within three games of the first-place Red Sox in the American League East.

Randolph, Thurman Munson and Roy White had three hits each as the Yankees went on their biggest hitting and scoring binge of the season.

The Yankees made short work of Boston starter Mike Torrez and continued their assault on Andy Hassler. Dick Drago and Bill Campbell. Every New York batter except reserve outfielders Paul Blair and Gary Thomsen had at least one hit in the last nine games. However, New York had to withstand two scores.

Veteran pitcher Catfish Hunter retired with a 12-0 lead after suffering a pulled groin muscle in serving up a triple to Carl Yastrzemski at the start of the fourth. Then, with New York in front, 13-1, in the sixth, catcher Thurman Munson was hit in the head by a pitch thrown by Drago.

Hunter's injury was not serious. Munson did not lose consciousness and walked from the field. The Yankees reported that he probably will be able to return to the lineup tonight.

The Yankees scored two runs in the first, three in the second, two in

the third, five in the fourth, one in the sixth and two in the eighth. Revere Ken Clay earned his third victory in seven decisions. Clay was greeted by Carlton Fisk's 20th homer after Yastrzemski's triple in the fourth but allowed just one unearned run the rest of the way.

The victory put the Yankees closer to first place than they've been since June 1. It was the 18th loss at home for Boston this season. Torrez, who left New York as a free agent to join the Red Sox following New York's World Series victory last season, in which he was a hero, struck out Mickey Rivers to start the game. The Yankees got rolling on third baseman Butch Hobson's throwing error which enabled Randolph to reach first.

Munson followed with a single and Reggie Jackson, a surprise starter after being hospitalized in New York for a couple of days with a virus, singled, scoring Randolph. Munson scored on a sacrifice fly by Dick Drago.

The Yankees shelved Torrez in the second on consecutive singles by Lou Piniella, White, Dent and Rivers. Hassler replaced Torrez, walking Randolph and surrendering an infield hit to Munson before retiring the next three batters.

New York added two more runs in the third on a double by Piniella, a safe hit by White, an infield out and a single by Randolph. Then the Yankees turned the game into a rout with a five-run fourth sparked by Randolph's bases-loaded double.

Clay allowed just four hits after

Fisk's homer barely made the left-field screen with none out in the fourth. Boston added its third run in the seventh on a single by Hobson, an error by Piniella and a pair of groundouts.

Mariners 5, White Sox 3

At Chicago, Bob Stinson hit a two-run homer to cap a four-run ninth-inning rally, leading Seattle to a 5-3 victory over Chicago behind the eight-hit pitching of Paul Mitchell. With one out in the ninth, Bruce Bochte tagged loser Steve Stone with his 10th homer. One out later, Dan Meyer singled to center and scored on a triple to right center by Bill Stein. Stinson then belted his 10th homer to score Stein and give Mitchell his eighth victory in 21 decisions.

Blue Jays 5, Brewers 4

At Toronto, Rick Cerone's two-run homer in the eighth inning lifted Toronto to a 5-4 victory over Milwaukee and snapped the Toronto losing streak at six games. After a one-out single by Dave McKay, Cerone stroked his third homer off loser Bob McClure.

Angels 7, Rangers 6

At Anaheim, Calif., Don Baylor and Ron Fairly hit two-run homers in a seven-run rally in the sixth inning as California edged Texas, 7-6. Juan Beniquez hit a three-run homer and Mike Harrowe a solo home run leading off the game. California sent 11 men to bat in the sixth, chasing Doc Medich and pinning the loss on Reggie Cleveland.



Pittsburgh's Frank Taveras, center, is delivered to umpire by Garry Templeton of St. Louis after he tried to steal second base. Templeton fell over and around Taveras after making the tag.

## Cardinals Stop Pirates' Streak

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 8 (AP) — Ted Simmons blasted a towering two-run home run with two out in the eighth inning to give the St. Louis Cardinals a 5-4 triumph over the Pittsburgh Pirates last night, stopping the longest major league winning streak of the year at 11 games.

Simmons' blast off Pirate reliever Grant Jackson, 8-4, temporarily derailed Pittsburgh's surge in the National League East. The defeat dropped the Pirates' 14th game behind the division-leading Philadelphia Phillies.

Simmons' 21st homer of the season followed a two-out single by George Hendrick and climaxed a Cardinal comeback after Pittsburgh took a 3-1 lead with the aid of Dave Parker's 24th homer, a two-run shot, in the third inning.

Pinch-hitter Ken Reitz tripled home a run as St. Louis rallied for two runs in the bottom of the seventh for a 3-3 tie and scored one

out later on Mike Tyson's sacrifice fly.

Pittsburgh's string of victories began on Aug. 26, when the Pirates absorbed a 7-2 setback at the hands of the Houston Astros. The Pirates had won 23 of their previous 26 games.

Aurelio Lopez, 4-1, the third of five St. Louis pitchers, was credited with the victory, with Mark Littell recording the last out for his 10th save.

Dodgers 3, Astros 2

At Houston, pinch-hitter Vic Davalillo's shallow sacrifice fly in the eighth inning scored Dusty Baker from third and brought Los Angeles a 3-2 victory over Houston. Baker, who earlier hit a solo home run, walked to lead off the eighth, was sacrificed to second by Rick Monday and went to third on a single by Joe Ferguson. Davalillo's sacrifice fly sailed into short left field, but Dennis Walling's throw

to the plate was well behind Baker's slide.

Reds 6, Padres 2

At Cincinnati, Ken Griffey, Johnny Bench and Pete Rose had home runs to power Cincinnati to a 6-2 victory over San Diego. Rose's homer was an inside-the-park shot that followed a single by Cesar Geronimo. The homer carried only 200 feet before bouncing over the head of left-fielder Gene Richards to the wall.

Mets 9, Expos 4

At Montreal, catcher John Stearns set a stolen base record and Willie Montanez drove in four runs as New York defeated Montreal, 9-4. Stearns established a National League record in the first inning when he stole his 24th base of the year. That erased the previous mark of 23 steals in a season by a catcher, set by John Kling of the Chicago Cubs in 1902.

Braves 5, Cubs 3

At Atlanta, Glen Hubbard broke a tie with a run-scoring single in the eighth inning to carry Atlanta over San Francisco, 5-3, as Vida Blue failed for the sixth time to win his 17th game. Blue has endured three losses and three no-decisions in his quest for victory No. 17. He pitched six innings, allowing three runs on four hits.

Phillies 5, Cubs 3

In Chicago, Larry Bowa's run-scoring double capped a three-run rally in the seventh inning and Ted Sizemore's sacrifice fly in the eighth drove in the winning run as Philadelphia beat Chicago, 5-3. The triumph allowed Philadelphia to increase its lead in the NL East to 1½ games.

## The College Football Weekend

## Missouri Will Try to Tip Notre Dame's Crown

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (AP) — Warren Powers, the Missouri coach, admits that "Notre Dame still is national champion until someone proves differently." Powers' Tigers intend to do precisely that tomorrow.

"Both the coach and the team he leads into South Bend to take on the Irish have a history of pulling big upsets. And beating the defending national champions in their backyard would be a very big upset indeed."

"I'm not afraid to take this team to Notre Dame or any other place in the country," said Powers, who guided Washington State to a stunning 19-10 victory over Nebraska to open last season. Powers moved to Missouri after the season ended.

"Notre Dame has a great football team every year and certainly this year is no exception. But they have to play us, too."

Missouri knocked off Notre Dame, 30-26, in 1972, probably the greatest upset in the Tigers' history. They also scored a remarkable triumph in the 1975 opener by stopping UCLA, 20-7.

"If you look at our situation realistically," said Dan Devine, the Notre Dame coach, "no one can expect us to repeat as national champion or even be ranked very high. We lost some excellent players through graduation and several top people expected to fill in at key positions."

Even so, Notre Dame has been made as much as a 17-point favorite in the contest.

In other action, Penn State hosts Rutgers; Oklahoma is at Stanford; Southern California entertains Texas Tech; Nebraska plays California; UCLA is at Washington; Texas A&M visits Kansas; Florida State is at Syracuse; and Iowa State is at Rice.

The UCLA-Washington game is more than just a season opener. It will have significant impact on the conference race. "There are a lot of advantages and a lot of disadvantages to playing them first," said UCLA Coach Terry Donahue. "If you win, you have an excellent start. If you lose, you have to fight out of a hole the rest of the season."

"No doubt, the winner is in the driver's seat," added Huskies Coach Don James, who led his club to a surprising conference title last year and a Rose Bowl upset of Michigan.

Southern California, considered the other top contender in the Pac-10, which added Arizona and Arizona State this season, comes off a disappointing 8-4 campaign.

"I think we're a very hungry group of people," said Trojans Coach John Robinson. "We've worked this team very hard and they've been enthusiastic and responsive."

## NFL Weekend

## Colts Face Dolphins Without Top Passer

By William N. Wallace

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (NYT) — Bill Troup and Don Strock rather than Bert Jones and Bob Griese will be the quarterbacks on Sunday when the Baltimore Colts take on the Miami Dolphins. The absence of two of pro football's finest passers due to injuries has already been felt at the box office — a crowd of 45,000, 15,000 below capacity, is anticipated.

Troup, Baltimore's second stringer, missed the action Monday night when the Dallas Cowboys crushed the Colts, 38-0, with Mike Kirkland at quarterback for Baltimore. Strock, Griese's longtime understudy, admitted to a bad game after the New York Jets upset the Dolphins, 33-20. Previews of all the games follow, with won-lost records in parentheses:

## NATIONAL CONFERENCE

## Saturday

Detroit (0-1) at Tampa Bay (0-1) — The Lions won't be going far until they find some offensive tackles. Their quarterback, Greg Landry, was dropped eight times by Green Bay. Mike Boryla, injured last season, gets his first start as Buccaneers quarterback. The Buc's improved offensive line makes this a real team at last. Betting choice — Detroit by 2 points.

## Sunday

New Orleans (1-0) vs. Green Bay (1-0) — Whoever wins will have a winning streak of two, to its astonishment. The Packers are starting three rookies. James Lofton at wide receiver. John Anderson and Mike Hunt at linebacker. Archie Manning, in decent health at last, had a big game for the Saints against Minnesota. Betting choice — Green Bay by 1.

Atlanta (1-0) at Los Angeles (1-0) — The Falcons' weak offense was hurt badly by the loss for the season of Alfred Jenkins, the only respectable wide receiver. The Rams will start their biggest backs, John Cappelletti and Cullen Bryant, and grind out the yards. Betting choice — Los Angeles by 10.

Dallas (1-0) at New York Giants (1-0) — The Giants plan to start Joe Pisarcik at quarterback because he can run from danger. The punter, Dave Jennings, will be busy. The Cowboys have never looked so good in September, which worries Tom Landry. The coach likes to worry. Betting choice — Dallas by 11.

Philadelphia (0-1) at Washington (1-0) — The Redskins played extremely well in defeating the Patriots and coach Jack Pardee has opened up their steady offense. The Eagles thought they outplayed the Rams. Their improved offense gained a commendable 208 yards. Betting choice — Washington by 4.

Chicago (1-0) at San Francisco (0-1) — For the first time, Walter Payton and O.J. Simpson will be running on the same field. Golden Richards, the Bears' new acquisition from the Cowboys, will help immensely. The '49ers can't expect

much until the 15 new starters know one another. Betting choice — Chicago by 2.

## AMERICAN CONFERENCE

## Sunday

Miami (0-1) at Baltimore (0-1) — The Colts have lost more than Bert Jones. Also out are Stan White, their best linebacker, Norm Thompson, their best cornerback, and George Kunz, their best offensive lineman. The Dolphins had a rough practice week after giving up 377 yards, 345 in the air, and 33 points to the Jets. Don Shula's teams are seldom that easy. Betting choice — Miami by 3.

New York Jets (1-0) at Buffalo (0-1) — Terry Miller, O.J.'s successor, had an impressive debut for the Bills, 60 yards rushing, 97 receiving. But the defense cannot hold Richard Todd and Wesley Walker, the Jets' deep pass duo, if they're on again. The Jets need a few more Sundays to prove themselves. Betting choice — New York by 4.

Seattle (0-1) at Pittsburgh (1-0) — The Seahawks gained 446 yards against a good San Diego defense. But the best back, Sherman Smith, is out, with Al Hunter the replacement. The Browns are tough again. Sid Thornton has edged out Rocky Bleier as the halfback next to Franco Harris. Franco is still rolling. Betting choice — Pittsburgh by 14.

Oakland (0-1) at San Diego (1-0) — Few recall that the Chargers upset the Raiders in the 10th game last season. The loss at Denver last Sunday may have taken some zip away from the Raiders. They cut their longtime middle guard, Dave Rowe, this week and re-signed Mike McCoy, who had been cut two weeks ago. John Jefferson, the rookie receiver from Arizona State, is earning raves from the Chargers. Betting choice — Oakland by 6.

Houston (0-1) at Kansas City (1-0) — Another quarterback has been to the hospital. Dan Pastorini of the Oilers may have taken some zip away from the Oilers. They cut their longtime middle guard, Dave Rowe, this week and re-signed Mike McCoy, who had been cut two weeks ago. John Jefferson, the rookie receiver from Arizona State, is earning raves from the Chargers. Betting choice — Houston by 6.

Cincinnati (0-1) at Cleveland (1-0) — The Bengals are in bad shape. John Reeves, the quarterback, leaves much to be desired and now the best defensive back, Ken Riley, is out. The Browns' passer, Brian Sipe, could have a big day. Betting choice — Cleveland by 5.

## INTERCONFERENCE

## Sunday

New England (0-1) at St. Louis (0-1) — Both teams have major injuries. The Cardinals lost for the season their best defensive lineman, Charlie Davis. Mike Dawson, who has had a bad back, replaces him. The offensive line is banged up, too. The Patriots have three regulars out, Julius Adams and Prentice McCray from the defense plus the punter, Mike Patrick. There is no adequate replacement for McCray at strong safety. Betting choice — New England by 7.

## Monday

Denver (1-0) at Minnesota (0-1) — The Broncos finally got their offense going in the last five minutes against Oakland. The refurbished offensive line was impressive. At running back, Otis Armstrong replaces Rob Lytle, who will miss a couple of games. Carl Eller has rejoined the Vikings after a salary dispute. Even though he is 36, he is needed for a defense that gave up 429 yards to the Saints. Betting choice — Even.

## NFL Schedule

Saturday's Games  
Detroit at Tampa Bay  
Sunday's Games  
New Orleans vs. Green Bay at Milwaukee  
New England vs. St. Louis  
Atlanta at Los Angeles  
Cincinnati at Cleveland  
Dallas at New York Giants  
Houston at Kansas City  
Oakland at San Diego  
Philadelphia at Washington  
Seattle at Pittsburgh  
Chicago at San Francisco  
Atlanta at Baltimore  
New York Jets at Buffalo  
Monday's Game  
Denver at Minnesota

## Rivals on Lotus Team

## Andretti, Peterson to Duel in Italy Prix

MONZA, Italy, Sept. 8 (UPI) — Mario Andretti overcame brake problems and gunned his black and gold Lotus to the fastest time in today's opening trials for the Italian Grand Prix on Sunday.

Andretti, the defending champion, covered the 5.8-kilometer Monza course in one minute, 37.78 seconds, almost half a second faster than his Lotus teammate, Ronnie Peterson.

Peterson, the only man with a chance of catching Andretti in the world drivers' championship standings, clocked 1:38.26.

"Andretti's the champion for sure. There's no way to beat the Lotus unless they beat themselves," said Brabham-Alfa manager Bernie Ecclestone.

McLaren team manager Teddy Mayer watched Andretti's Lotus scream past the pits and nodded his head. "No way," he said, referring to McLaren's chances against the British team.

Andretti's only real challenge came from Peterson. "If I can win it, I will try," said the 34-year-old Swede, who may be leaving Lotus at the end of the season.

Peterson's contract calls for him to defer to Andretti, the No. 1 driver, if the race becomes a two-car duel.

But Andretti said he was taking no chances. "Everything depends on Peterson. He'll be the one I'm watching for," Andretti said.

"The point is not to force the car. I'll drive to the limit without going over," he said.

Jean-Pierre Jabouille, driving a Renault Turbo, was third fastest today at 1:38.44. Gilles Villeneuve, in a Ferrari, was fourth at 1:38.53. John Watson rounded out the top five by posting 1:38.61 in his Brabham-Alfa. Andretti, who already has won six races this year, leads the Formula-1 standings by 12 points over Peterson and is poised to take his first crown.

## Teen Is U.S. Open Finalist

## Shriver Ousts Navratilova

From Wire Dispatches  
NEW YORK, Sept. 8 — Pam Shriver withstood the furious power game of Martina Navratilova to win two tiebreakers and upset the No. 1 seed, 7-6, 7-6, today and gain the final of the U.S. Open tennis championships.

Shriver, 16, the youngest player ever to climb this far in the Open, will meet the winner of the Chris Evert-Wendy Turnbull match in Sunday's final. That match was suspended by rain today.

The 6-foot Shriver won the first set tiebreaker, 7-5, and the second, 7-3, ending the match when Navratilova hit a backhand over the baseline.

The opening semifinal was delayed twice by rain, but each time Shriver came back to pursue her triumph over the Wimbledon champion, who is regarded as the world's ranking woman player.

The two women, neither of whom had dropped a set in the tournament, played it almost point for point in the opening set. But Shriver, just as she did in her only previous meeting with Navratilova, persevered to win the opening set.

With Navratilova appearing nervous, Shriver broke in the first game at 15, but Navratilova regained her composure to get the break back in the next game, also at the loss of only one point.

The set then went with service, although Shriver twice served at set point in the 10th game. But she managed to hold with an ace and an overhead smash.

Shriver won the first three points of the tiebreak, only to have Navratilova take the next three. At 4-4, Navratilova double faulted, hitting her ball into the seats in disgust at

the call, but Shriver gave the point right back when she double faulted for 5-5.

Shriver then won the next two points when Navratilova sent a service return out and followed with a backhand volley into the net.

There was one service break by each woman in the second set, Shriver breaking in the fourth game and Navratilova retaliating in the fifth, helped along by two double faults by Shriver.

In men's action yesterday, Bjorn Borg, Wimbledon champion the last three years and seeking the third leg of the Grand Slam (he needs the U.S. and Australian titles), started sluggishly to arouse Raul Ramirez's hopes, then dashed them, 6-7, 6-4, 6-4, 6-0.

Borg, 22, played a notch below his top form, but raised his game when he had to. He allowed Ramirez, the agile but light-hitting Davis Cup star, to come close enough to excite the matinee crowd of 15,537 at the National Tennis Center, but dismissed him before the match got out of hand.

Connors Near Peak

Jimmy Connors, returning serves savagely and performing an all-night strut of brilliant shotmaking, was near his awesome peak except for one brief lapse against Brian Gottfried last night.

Connors served twice for the second set, was broken for the only two times in the match, then rampaged through a 7-0 tiebreaker to win, 6-2, 7-6, 6-1.

Borg lost the first set after seeming to have had it in hand. He lost 3-6, but played a couple of loose games to let Ramirez catch up. Then he had three set points on Ramirez' serve at 4-5, but Ramirez

— who has had far more experience on hard courts than Borg — fought them off.

Into the best-of-12-point tiebreaker they went, and Ramirez had a set point at 6-5. Borg unleashed a service winner to the forehand. He served again, but overhit a forehand to give Ramirez his first set point, which he grasped with a big serve to the forehand — one of the few times he went to Borg's more potent side.

Ramirez Snells Victory

Ramirez served first in the second set, and held four times. By the third leg of the match, he was convinced he could win. Borg held to 4-4 with a lovely backhand topspin job winner, then broke in the next game. He chipped a backhand return cross-court that forced a lunging volley error — a play that was repeated so often that Borg seemed to have it on tape, replaying it at will — and then Ramirez pushed a forehand first volley long.

Borg double-faulted to 30-30 in the next game, then crunched an ace wide past Ramirez's forehand and drilled a forehand reverse cross-court winner for the set. He was out of trouble.

If Ramirez felt overwhelmed by Borg, consider the plight of Gottfried, who faced Connors at his best.

Connors broke for 2-1 in the first set after Gottfried had three game points, and his returns put pressure on the best part of Gottfried's game: his volley. Through 5-3, in the second set, Connors lost only six points in eight service games.

He was hurling himself at the ball, ripping winners and leaping for smashes. He lost his steam only once, at the end of the second set.



Bjorn Borg slams two-handed return to Raul Ramirez.

## Thursday's Baseball Line Scores

AMERICAN LEAGUE	W	L	Pct.	GB
Baltimore	200	102	.664	11
Brewers	200	102	.664	7
Angels	199	103	.660	11
Yankees	198	104	.657	12
Red Sox	197	105	.653	13
Mariners	196	106	.649	14
White Sox	195	107	.646	15
Pirates	194	108	.642	16
Phillies	193	109	.639	17
Braves	192	110	.635	18
Padres	191	111	.632	19
Giants	190	112	.628	20
Rockies	189	113	.625	21
Indians	188	114	.621	22
Tigers	187	115	.618	23
Twins	186	116	.614	24
Reds	185	117	.611	25
Cubs	184	118	.607	26
Mariners	183	119	.604	27
Blue Jays	182	120	.601	28
Angels	181	121	.597	29
Yankees	180	122	.594	30



